1. ECN 674488 **ENGINEERING CHANGE NOTICE** Page 1 of 2 Proj. 2. ECN Category (mark one) 3. Originator's Name, Organization, MSIN, and Telephone No. 4. USQ Required? 5. Date Supplemental B. M. Hanlon, Inventory & Flowsheet Eng. Yes No 11/19/02 **Direct Revision** \times R3-72, 373-2053 6. Project Title/No./Work Order No. Change ECN 7. Bldg./Sys./Fac. No. 8. Approval Designator Waste Tank Summary Report for Temporary Month Ending October 31, 2002 N/A Standby N/A Document Numbers Changed by this ECN (includes sheet no. and rev.) 10. Related ECN No(s). 11. Related PO No. Supersedure Cancel/Void HNF-EP-0182, Rev. 174 N/A N/A 12a. Modification Work 12b. Work Package No. 12c. Modification Work Completed 12d. Restored to Original Condition (Temp. or Standby ECNs only) Yes (fill out Blk. 12b) No (NA Blks. 12b, 12c, 12d) N/A N/A N/A Design Authority/Cog. Engineer Signature & Date Design Authority/Cog. Engineer Signature & Date 13a. Description of Change 13b. Design Baseline Document? Yes Complete revision Computer generated file 14a. Justification (mark one) 14b. Justification Details Criteria Change This ECN is being generated to update waste tank farm summary Design Improvement information. **Environmental Facility Deactivation** As-Found \times Facilitate Const. Const. Error/Omission Design Error/Omission 15. Distribution (include name, MSIN, and no. of copies) RELEASE STAMP Distribution list attached following document Also: Electronic copy to John Vann only

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WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT FOR MONTH **ENDING OCTOBER 31, 2002**

BM HANLON

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc. Richland, WA 99352 U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

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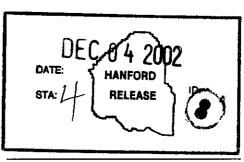
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Abstract: See page iii of document

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Waste Tank Summary Report for Month Ending October 31, 2002

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management



Richland, Washington

Contractor for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of River Protection under Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

Approved for Public Release; Further Dissemination Unlimited

Waste Tank Summary Report for Month Ending October 31, 2002

B. M. Hanlon CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Date Published
November 2002

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management

CH2MHILL

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WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT

B. M. Hanlon

ABSTRACT

This report is the official inventory for radioactive waste stored in underground tanks in the 200 Areas at the Hanford Site. Data that depict the status of stored radioactive waste and tank vessel integrity are contained within the report. This report provides data on each of the existing 177 large underground waste storage tanks and 60 smaller miscellaneous underground storage tanks and special surveillance facilities, and supplemental information regarding tank surveillance anomalies and ongoing investigations. This report is intended to meet the requirement of U.S. Department of Energy Order 435.1 (DOE-HQ, August 28, 2001, Radioactive Waste Management, U.S. Department of Energy-Washington, D.C.) requiring the reporting of waste inventories and space utilization for the Hanford Site Tank Farm tanks.

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ME	TRIC CONV	ERSION CHART					
linch		2.54 centimeters					
l foot	=	30.48 centimeters					
1 gallon	=	3.79 liters					
1 ton = 0.91 metric tons							
	(5	(3°C)+32					
1 Btu/h = 0.2931 watts (International Table)							

WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT For Month Ending October 31, 2002

Note: Changes from the previous month are in **bold print**.

I. WASTE TANK STATUS

Double-Shell Tanks (DST)	28 double-shell	10/86 - date last DST tank was completed
Single-Shell Tanks (SST)	149 single-shell	1966 - date last SST tank was completed
Assumed Leaker Tanks	67 single-shell	07/93 - date last Assumed Leaker was identified
Sound Tanks	28 double-shell 82 single-shell	1986 - date DSTs determined sound 07/93 - date last SST determined Sound
Interim Stabilized Tanks ^a (IS)	132 single-shell	08/02 - date last IS occurred
Not Interim Stabilized ^b	17 single-shell	Tanks still to be Interim Stabilized
Isolated-Intrusion Prevention Completed (IP) ^c	99 single-shell	09/96 - date last IP occurred
Retrieval ^d	9 single-shell	10/02 - date effective
Misc. Underground Storage Tanks (MUST) and Special Surveillance Facilities (Active)	10 Tanks East Area 7 Tanks West Area	03/01 - last date a tank was added or removed from MUST list
Misc. Underground Storage Tanks (IMUST) and Special Surveillance Facilities (Inactive) ^e	18 Tanks East Area 25 Tanks West Area	11/01 - last date a tank was added or removed from IMUST list

^a Of the 132 tanks classified as Interim Stabilized, 65 are listed as Assumed Leakers. (See Table B-5)

II. WASTE TANK INVESTIGATIONS

This section includes all single- or double-shell tanks or catch tanks which are showing surface level or interstitial liquid level (ILL) decreases, or drywell radiation level increases in excess of established criteria.

b Two of these tanks are Assumed Leakers (BY-105 and BY-106). (See Table B-5)

^c Nine tanks were recategorized as "Retrieval" (see note ^d below).

^d Tank Status for nine tanks (C-104, C-201, C-202, C-203, C-204, S-102, S-103, S-105 and S-106) was changed to "Retrieval," effective October 2002. (See Table B-1)

^e Tables C-2 and C-3, the Inactive Miscellaneous Underground Storage Tanks (IMUST) now reflect only those tanks managed by CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc. (CH2M HILL).

A. <u>Assumed Leakers or Assumed Re-leakers</u>: (See Appendix D for definition of "Re-leaker")

This section includes all single- or double-shell tanks or catch tanks for which an off-normal or unusual occurrence report has been issued, or for which a waste tank investigation is in progress, for assumed leaks or re-leaks. Tanks/catch tanks will remain on this list until either a) completion of Interim Stabilization, b) the updated occurrence report indicates that the tank/catch tank is not an assumed leaker, or c) the investigation is completed.

There are none at this time.

III. SURVEILLANCE AND WASTE TANK STATUS HIGHLIGHTS

A. <u>Single-Shell Tanks Saltwell Jet Pumping (See Table B-1 footnotes for further information)</u>

Tank A-101 - Pumping began May 6, 2000. No pumping occurred between August 2000 and January 2002; pumping resumed January 17, 2002. No pumping in June 2002; the pump failed and was scheduled to be replaced. The pump was replaced and pumping was resumed on July 20, 2002. A total of 9 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 501 Kgallons has been pumped since the start of pumping in May 2000. (Total Kgallons pumped differs from previous volumes - see Table B-1 footnotes).

Tank AX-101 - Pumping began July 29, 2000. No pumping occurred between August 2000 and March 2001; pumping resumed March 22, 2001. Pumping was shut down on April 3, 2001, due to a transfer line failure. Pumping resumed February 1, 2002. A total of 4 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 349 Kgallons has been pumped since the start of pumping in July 2000. (Total Kgallons pumped differs from previous volumes - see Table B-1 footnotes).

<u>Tank BY-105</u> - Pumping began July 11, 2001. Pumping was shut down in August 2001 and resumed in December 2001. No pumping occurred between December and August 2002. Pumping resumed in August 2002. Pumping was shut down on August 30, 2002, because Double-Contained Receiver Tank (DCRT) BX-244 was full. Pumping was resumed September 1, 2002, after the waste was transferred. A total of 12 Kgallons was pumped in September 2002; a total of 45 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in July 2001.

This tank was placed under evaluation for meeting Interim Stabilization criteria as of September 13, 2002.

Tank BY-106 - Pumping began in August 1995 and was shut down in October 1995 due to an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) evaluation for flammable gas concerns. Pumping was restarted July 11, 2001. Pumping was shut down in August 2001 and resumed in November 2001. In December 2001, a total of 5.3 Kgallons was pumped from this tank, resulting in a total of 87.4 Kgallons having been pumped since the start of pumping in August 1995. No pumping occurred between December 2001 and July 2002. Pumping resumed in August 2002. Pumping

was shut down on August 30, 2002, because DCRT BX-244 was full. Pumping was resumed on September 1, 2002, after the waste was transferred. A total of 2 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 115 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in August 1995.

<u>Tank S-101</u> - Pumping began July 27, 2002. Pumping was shut down on August 7, 2002 in support of S-107 field work. No pumping occurred in September 2002. A total of 16 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 25 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in July 2002.

Tank S-102 - Pumping problems have forced many shutdowns. The pump was replaced and pumping resumed on February 19, 2000. Problems with the new pump forced a shutdown on March 23, 2000. Pumping was interrupted in early June 2000. Pumping was shut down due to equipment failure; the lower piping needed to be replaced. No pumping occurred until May 12, 2002, when pumping resumed. Pumping was manually shut down May 18, 2002 (see Table B-1 footnotes). Pumping started again on June 30, 2002, but the water added for pump priming/equipment flushes resulted in 0 Kgallons pumped in June 2002. A total of 1 Kgallon was pumped in October 2002; a total of 62 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in March 1999. A letter was sent to DOE-ORP in October 2002, requesting that this tank be removed from the Consent Decree stabilization requirements, and that the tank be considered for accelerated retrieval of the waste. See Table B-1 footnotes (top of page B-8) for more information.

<u>Tank S-107</u> - Pumping began September 4, 2002. A total of 2 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 34 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in September 2002.

Tank S-111 - Pumping resumed December 18, 2001. (3 Kgallons were pumped in October 1975). The pump was shut down May 18, 2002. (See Table B-1 footnotes). Pumping started again on June 30, 2002, but the water added for pump priming/equipment flushes resulted in 0 Kgallons pumped in June 2002. Water added for pump priming/equipment flushes resulted in 0 Kgallons pumped in October 2002; a total of 55 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in October 1975 (includes 3 Kgallons pumped in 1975).

Tank S-112 - Pumping resumed September 21, 2002. (125 Kgallons were pumped in August 1978.) A total of 5 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 133 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in August 1978. A letter was sent to DOE-ORP in October 2002, requesting that this tank be removed from the Consent Decree stabilization requirements, and that the tank be considered for accelerated retrieval of the waste. See Table B-1 footnotes (top of page B-8) for more information.

<u>Tank SX-101</u> - Pumping began November 22, 2000. The pump failed on December 9, 2000, and pumping was shut down. Pumping resumed in September 2001 following replacement of the saltwell pump and lower piping. Pumping was shut down in November 2001 due to a high motor bearing temperature and low pump pressures. A total of 32 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in November 2000. No pumping has occurred since

November 2001. Saltwell pumping of all SX farm tanks was suspended on January 9, 2002, due to a leak in the hose-in-hose transfer line. Pumping was attempted in July 2002; the jet pump is thought to be plugged.

Tank SX-102 - Pumping began December 15, 2001; a total of 1 Kgallon was pumped. During January 2002, there was a net removal of 0 Kgallons of waste. Saltwell pumping of all SX farm tanks was suspended January 9, 2002, due to a leak in the hose-in-hose transfer line. Pumping resumed in July 2002 through another transfer line; pumping was shut down on August 14, 2002. Pumping was restarted in September 2002. A total of 4 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 43 Kgallons has been pumped since the start of pumping in December 2001.

Tank SX-103 - Pumping began October 26, 2000. Pumping was shut down on April 22, 2001, due to leak detector and subsequent shielding problems in the pump pit. Pumping resumed on September 14, 2001 and was shut down on November 16, 2001. No pumping occurred between November 2001 and July 2002. Pumping was shut down on August 14, 2002. Pumping was restarted on September 1, 2002, and shut down on September 17, 2002; a total of 1 Kgallon was pumped in September 2002; a total of 134 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in October 2000.

This tank was placed under evaluation for meeting Interim Stabilization criteria on September 17, 2002.

Tank U-107 - Pumping began September 29, 2001. Pumping was shut down in November 2001 until a pressure test requirement was met. No pumping occurred between November 2001 and June 2002. Pumping was restarted June 28, 2002. Pumping was shut down on September 11, 2002. The pump failed and was replaced October 21, 2002. No pumping occurred in October 2002; a total of 91 Kgallons has been pumped since the start of pumping in September 2001. A letter was sent to DOE-ORP in October 2002, requesting that this tank be removed from the Consent Decree stabilization requirements, and that the tank be considered for accelerated retrieval of the waste. See Table B-1 footnotes (top of page B-8) for further information.

Tank U-108 – Pumping began December 2, 2001. Pumping was shut down due to a partially plugged transfer line. Pumping was restarted briefly on May 18, 2002. The pump shut down several times due to alarming; various Trouble Alarms were intermittently activated from May 18 through May 31, 2002. (See Table B-1 footnotes for further information). The pump was restarted June 24, 2002, but was shut down due to transfer line flow restrictions. Pumping resumed in July 2002, and was shut down on September 30, 2002, for a planned SY farm exhauster outage. Pumping resumed on October 10, 2002. A total of 5 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 38 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in December 2001.

<u>Tank U-111</u> Pumping began June 14, 2002. A total of 5 Kgallons was pumped in October 2002; a total of 72 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in June 2002.

B. <u>Nine Single-Shell Tanks (SST) Reclassified from Isolation-Intrusion Prevention to</u> "Retrieval"

Single-Shell Tanks C-104, C-201, C202, C-203, C-204, S-102, S-103, S-105, and S-106 were reclassified from Interim Isolation or Intrusion Prevention to "Retrieval" in October 2002, to facilitate the retrieval of the waste from the tanks. This affects the number of tanks tabulated in Table B-2 on page B-12 of this report.

C. Changes to this Report

The following definition for "Retrieval" has been added to Appendix C, Glossary of Terms, page D-4:

Retrieval - the process of removing, to the maximum extent practical, all the waste from a given underground storage tank. The retrieval process is selected specific to each tank and accounts for the waste type stored and the access and support systems available. Generally, retrieval is focused on the removal of solids from the tank.

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APPENDIX A DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS MONTHLY SUMMARY TABLES

TABLE A-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

October 31, 2002

						WA	STE VOLUM	E S		LAS	T SAMPLING	EVENT	
•			EQUIVA-		AVAIL.	SUPER-							SEE FOOTNOTE
			LENT	TOTAL	SPACE	NATANT			SOLIDS	LAST	LAST	LAST	FOR
	TANK	WASTE	WASTE	WASTE	(1)	LIQUID	SLUDGE	SALTCAKE	VOLUME	CORE	GRAB	VAPOR	THESE
TANK	INTEGRITY	TYPE	INCHES	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	(Kgal)	UPDATE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	CHANGES
						AN TAN	K FARM ST	ATUS					
AN-101	SOUND	DN	92.0	253	891	253	0	0	06/30/99		10/02	04/01	
AN-102	SOUND	CC	392.0	1078	66	938	0	140	12/31/01	06/90	05/02		i
AN-103	SOUND	DSS	348.4	958	186	499	0	459	06/30/99	02/00	09/95		1
AN-104	SOUND	DSSF	383.3	1054	90	609	0	445	06/30/99	08/00			
AN-105	SOUND	DSSF	410.2	1128	16	636	0	492	06/30/99	12/01			
AN-106	SOUND	cc	16.7	46	1098	29	0	17	06/30/99		07/02	06/01	
AN-107	SOUND	CC	394.2	1084	60	847	0	237	09/30/02	10/02	08/02	12/94	
7 D	OUBLE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	5601	2407	3811	0	1790				-	
							K FARM ST			i			
AP-101	SOUND	DSSF	405.1	1114	30	1114	0	0	05/01/89		02/00	07/01	
AP-102	SOUND	DN	249.8	687	457	664	23	0	05/31/02		12/01	03/01	
AP-103	SOUND	CC	102.5	282	862	282	0	0	05/31/96		10/02		
AP-104	SOUND	CC	402.2	1106	38	1106	0	0	10/13/88		01/01	11/00	
AP-105	SOUND	DSSF	411.6	1132	12	1043	0	89	06/30/99	03/02	09/96		ļ
AP-106	SOUND	CP	414.5	1140	4	1140	0	0	10/13/88		05/98	05/01	}
AP-107	SOUND	DC	409.1	1125	19	1125	0	0	10/13/88		07/02		
AP-108	SOUND	DN	412.4	1134	10	1134	0	0	10/13/88		10/02		i '
8 D	OUBLE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	7720	1432	7608	23	89					
						AW TAN	K FARM ST	TATUS					
AW-101	SOUND	DSSF	410.2	1128	16	740	0	388	10/31/00	05/96	07/00		
AW-102	SOUND	EVFD	387.6	1066	59	1036	30	0	01/31/01		01/99		
AW-103	SOUND	DSSF/NCRW	400.0	1100	44	787	273	40	06/30/99	09/99	09/94		1
AW-104	SOUND	DN	113.5	312	832	89	66	157	06/30/99	09/01	08/00		
AW-105	SOUND	DN/NCRW	154.2	424	720	161	263	0	06/30/99	09/01	08/96		1
AW-106	SOUND	SRCVR	107.3	295	849	56	0	239	06/30/99	03/01			
	÷												

TABLE A-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

October 31, 2002

						W	ASTE VOLU	MES		LAS	SAMPLING	EVENT	
TANK	TANK INTEGRITY		EQUIVA- LENT WASTE INCHES	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	AVAIL. SPACE (1) (Kgal)	SUPER- NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALTCAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST CORE SAMPLE	LAST GRAB SAMPLE	LAST VAPOR SAMPLE	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
						AV T	ANK FARM	1 STATUS	•	•			
AY-101	SOUND	DC	65.5	180	821	84	96	0	06/30/99	04/02	02/01		1
AY-102	SOUND	DN	245.1	674	327	503	171	0	07/31/02	04/02	03/01	12/98	
2 DO	UBLE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	854	1148	587	267	0				······································	
						AZ T	ANK FARM	1 STATUS					
AZ-101	SOUND	AW	361.8	995	6	943	52	0	06/30/98	08/00	06/00	04/00	1
AZ-102	SOUND	AW	360.0	990	11	885	105	0	06/30/99	07/02	10/01		
2 DO	UBLE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	1985	17	1828	157	0					
						SY T	ANK FARM	I STATUS					
SY-101	SOUND	CC	350.9	965	179	690	0	275	06/30/99	03/99	06/00		
SY-102	SOUND	DN/PT	401.5	1104	24	959	145	0	06/30/99	11/00	04/02	09/00	1
SY-103	SOUND	cc	268.4	738	406	396	0	342	06/30/99	03/00			
3 DO	JBLE-SHELL	TANKS	TOTALS:	2807	609	2045	145	617					
GRAND 1	OTAL			23292	8133	18748	1224	3320					

Note: +/- 1 Kgal differences are the result of computer rounding

Maximum volume limits per OSD-T-151-00007, "Operating Specifications for Double-Shell Storage Tanks," Rev. I-0, dated October 2002.

 Tank Farms
 Exceptions:

 AN, AP, AW
 1144 Kgal
 AW-102
 1125 Kgal

 AY, AZ
 1001 Kgal
 SY-102
 1128 Kgal

NOTE: Supernatant + Sludge (includes liquid) + Saltcake (includes liquid) = Total Waste

(1) Available Space volumes include restricted space

TABLE A-2. DOUBLE-SHELL TANK SPACE ALLOCATION, INVENTORY AND WASTE RECEIPTS (ALL VOLUMES IN KGALS) October 31, 2002

TOTAL DST CAPACITY	
NON-AGING =	27,421
AGING =	4,004
TOTAL=	31,425

MONTHLY INVENTORY	CHANGE
INVENTORY ON 10/31/02	23,292
INVENTORY ON 09/30/02	23,191
CHANGE =	101

CALCULATION OF REMAINING SPACE						
TOTAL DST CAPACITY =	31,425					
WASTE INVENTORY =	-23,191					
DEDICATED OPERATIONAL SPACE =	-1,389					
RESTRICTED USAGE SPACE =	-2,850					
EMERGENCY SPACE ALLOCATION =	-1,144					
SPACE ALLOCATED FOR WASTE TREATMENT PLANT RETURNS =	-1,144					
REMAINING AVAILABLE SPACE =	1,707					

OCTOBER DST WASTE RECEIPTS									
FACILITY GENERATIONS		OTHER GAINS ASSOC	IATED WITH	OTHER LOSSES ASSO	CIATED WITH				
SALTWELL LIQUID (WEST)	66	SLURRY	0	SLURRY	-5				
(*)SALTWELL LIQUID (EAST)	50	CONDENSATE	0	CONDENSATE	-8				
TANK FARMS	3	INSTRUMENTATION	0	INSTRUMENTATION	0				
TOTAL = 119		UNKNOWN	1	UNKNOWN	-6				
		TOTAL=	1	TOTAL=	-19				

(*) Includes 244BX transfers to Tank AP-102

[PROJEC	TED VERSUS ACTU	AL WASTE VOLU	JMES	
	ACTUAL DST WASTE RECEIPTS	PROJECTED DST WASTE RECEIPTS (1)	MISC. DST CHANGES (+/-)	PROJECTED WVR	NET DST CHANGE	TOTAL DST VOLUME
10/02	119	N/A	-18	0	101	23,292
11/02	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
12/02	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
01/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
02/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
03/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
04/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
05/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
06/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
07/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
08/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292
09/03	0	N/A	0	0	0	23,292

- (1) The "PROJECTED DST WASTE RECEIPTS" and "WVR" numbers will be updated once the Performance Based Incentive (PBI) agreement is in place with processing schedules and assumptions defined.
- (2) Total Waste Volume Reduction (WVR) through the 242A Evaporator since restart on 4/15/94 = 11,668 Kgals

TABLE A-3. DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING FREQUENCY STATUS (28 Tanks)
October 31, 2002

Legend:		
E	ENRAF Level Gauge	
D, W, Q	Daily, Weekly, Quarterly	

All data were collected in accordance with Technical Safety Requirement (TSR) and Operating Specification Documents (OSD).

	Surface		Confedition Decam		Annulus Leak	
	Level		Thermocouple	Temperature	Detector	Leak Detector
Tank	Device (1)	Frequency	Tree Risers (2)	Frequency	Probes	Frequency
Tank	Dorico (1)	Troquency	1,0011010 (2)	,		
AN-101	E	D	4A*	w	3	D
AN-101	E	D -	4A*	w	3	D
AN-102 AN-103	E	D	4A*, 15A*	W	3	D
AN-103 AN-104	E	D D	4A*, 15A*	w	3	D
AN-104 AN-105	E	D	4A*, 15A*	W	3	D D
	E	D	4A , 15A 4A*	W	3	D
AN-106					3	D
AN-107	E	D	4A*	W		
AP-101	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-102	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-103	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-104	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-105	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-106	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-107	E	D	4	W	3	D
AP-108	E	D	4	W	3	D
AW-101	E	D	6*, 17*	W	. 3	D
AW-102	E	D	6*	W	3	D
AW-103	E	D	6*	W	3	D
AW-104	E	D	6*	W	3	D
AW-105	E	D	6*	W	3	D
AW-106	E	D	6*	W	3	D
AY-101	E	D	Multiple*	w	3	D
AY-102	E	D	Multiple*	W	3	D
AZ-101	E	D	Multiple*	W	3	D
AZ-102	Е	D	Multiple*	w	3	D
SY-101	Е	D	17B*, 17C*	w	3	D
SY-102	E	D	4A*	w	3	D
SY-103	E	D	4A*, 17B*	w	3	D

Footnotes:

- 1. All DST ENRAFs are connected to TMACS for continuous remote monitoring. All equipment connected to TMACS collects data multiple times per day regardless of required frequency.
- 2. Thermocouple tree risers followed by an asterisk (*) are connected to TMACS for continuous remote monitoring. AY and AZ farms have too many thermocouple elements to list individually. Most are monitored electronically.

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APPENDIX B SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONTHLY SUMMARY TABLES

October 31, 2002

The SST volume estimates were derived from the Best-Basis Inventory baselining task, dated January 1, 2002, and represent the official waste volume estimates for Hanford's waste storage tanks. The interstitial liquid estimates for pumpable liquid remaining (PLR) and drainable linterstitial liquid (DIL) were calculated from these volumes using the waste phase drainable porosities per Updated Liquid Volume Estimates (HNF-2978 and RPP-5556).

HNF-2978, Rev. 4, resulted in changes to tanks A-101 and AX-101, effective June 30, 2002.

	and Saltcak						WAST	E VOLUMES					PHOTOS	/VIDEOS	
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER- NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
							A TANK I	FARM STATI	US						
A-101	SOUND	/PI	493	(a)	(a)	9	501	(a)	(a)	3	482	08/31/02	08/21/85		(a)
-102	SOUND	IS/PI	38	2	9	0	40	11	2	0	36	01/01/02	07/20/89		
-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	370	4	87	0	111	91	84	2	364	01/01/02	12/28/88		
-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	28	0	0	0	0	4	0	28	0	01/27/78	06/25/86		
-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	10/31/00	08/20/86		
A-106	SOUND	IS/IP	79	0	9	0	0	9	1	50	29	01/01/02	08/19/86		
6 TANK	S - TOTALS		1045							120	911				
		TO ALL THE				<u>A</u>	X TANK	FARM STAT							1
X-101	SOUND	/PI	381	(b)	(b)	4	349	(b)	(b)	3	378	10/31/02	Control of the State of the Sta		(b)
X-102	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	30	0	0	0	13	0	0	6	24	01/01/02	06/05/89		
X-103	SOUND	IS/IP	108	0	22	0	0	22	10	8	100	01/01/02	08/13/87		
AX-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	01/01/02	08/18/87		
4 TANK	S - TOTALS		526		Two.					24	502				
							B TANK I	FARM STAT							
3-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	109	0	20	0	0	20	16		81	01/01/02	2000 MILLS 1990 CO. 1990		
3-102	SOUND	IS/IP	32	4	7	0	0	11	4		28	06/30/99	08/22/85		
3-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	56	0	10	0	0	10	2	and the state of	55	01/01/02	10/13/88		
3-104	SOUND	IS/IP	374	0	45	0	0	45	41	309	65	01/01/02			
3-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	290	0	20	0	0	20	16		262	01/01/02			
3-106	SOUND	IS/IP	122	1	8	0	0	9	2	Control of the Control of	0	01/01/02	02/28/85		
3-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	161	0	23	0	0		18		75	01/01/02	02/28/85		
3-108	SOUND	IS/IP	92	0	19	0	0		15		65	01/01/02			
3-109	SOUND	IS/IP	125	0	23	0	0		19		75	01/01/02			
3-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	245	1	27	0	0		23		0	01/01/02			
3-111	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	242	1	23	0	0		20		0	01/01/02	The second second		
3-112	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	35	3	2	0	0		1	Control of the second	17	01/01/02			
3-201	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	30	0	5	0	0		0		0	01/01/02		06/23/99	
3-202	SOUND	IS/IP	29	0	4	0	0		0		0	01/01/02		06/15/9	9
3-203	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	52	1	5	0	0		1	51	0	01/01/02			
3-204	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	51	1	5	0	0	6	1	50	0	01/01/02	10/22/87		
10 TAN	KS - TOTALS		2045							1310	723				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

October 31, 2002

The SST volume estimates were derived from the Best-Basis Inventory baselining task, dated January 1, 2002, and represent the official waste volume estimates for Hanford's waste storage tanks. The interstitial liquid estimates for pumpable liquid remaining (PLR) and drainable interstitial liquid (DIL) were calculated from these volumes using the waste phase drainable porosities per Updated Liquid Volume Estimates (HNF-2978 and RPP-5556). HNF-2978, Rev. 4, resulted in changes to tanks BY-105 and BY-106, effective July 30, 2002.

Sludge and Saltcake volumes include Retained Gas.

				a Mongrey and			WASTE	/OLUMES	77				PHOTO	S/VIDEOS	
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER- NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	LIQUID	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
						I	X TANK	FARM STA	TUS						
3X-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	48	0	4	0	0	4	0	48	0	01/01/02	11/24/88	11/10/94	
X-102	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	0		09/18/85		
X-103	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	73	11	4	0	0	15	11	62	0	11/29/83	10/31/86	10/27/94	
X-104	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	100	3	4	0	17	7	3	97	0	01/01/02	09/21/89		
X-105	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	72	5	4	0	15	9	5	67	0	01/01/02	10/23/86		
X-106	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	38	0	4	0	14	4	0	38	0	08/01/95	05/19/88	07/17/95	
X-107	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	347	0	37	0	23	37	33	347	0	09/18/90	09/11/90		
X-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	31	0	4	0	0	4	0	31	0	01/31/01	05/05/94		
X-109	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	193	0	25	0	8	25	20	193	0	A HOLDEN	09/11/90		
X-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	205	1	35	0	2	36	31	65	139		07/15/94	10/13/94	
X-111	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	189	0	6	0	117	6	2	32	157		05/19/94		
X-112	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	164	1	9	0	4	10	7	163	0	and the second	09/11/90		
2 TANI	KS - TOTALS		1572							1255	296				
						I	BY TANK	FARM STA	rus						
Y-101	SOUND	IS/IP	370	0	24	0	36	24	20	37	333	01/01/02	09/19/89		
Y-102	SOUND	IS/PI	277	0	40	0	159	40	33	0	277	05/01/95	09/11/87	04/11/95	
Y-103	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	416	0	58	0	96	58	53	9	407	01/01/02	09/07/89	02/24/97	
Y-104	SOUND	IS/IP	358	0	51	0	330	51	46	45	313	01/01/02	04/27/83		
Y-105	ASMD LKR	/PI	458	(c)	(c)	0	45	(c)	(c)	48	410	09/30/02	07/01/86		(c)
Y-106	ASMD LKR	/PI	509	(d)	(d)	2	115	(d)	(d)	32	477	10/31/02	11/04/82		(d)
Y-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	272	0	42	0	56	42	37	15	257		10/15/86		
Y-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	222	0	33	0	28	33	26	40	182		10/15/86		
Y-109	SOUND	IS/PI	277	0	37	0	157	37	32	24	253		06/18/97		
Y-110	SOUND	IS/IP	366	0	20	0	213	20	15	43	323	the same and the same	07/26/84		
Y-111	SOUND	IS/IP	302	0	14	0	313	14	6	0	302		10/31/86		
Y-112	SOUND	IS/IP	286	0	24	0	116	24	12	2	284	03/31/02	04/14/88		
0.711	S - TOTALS		4113		19841701104					295	3818				

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TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

October 31, 2002

The SST volume estimates were derived from the Best-Basis Inventory baselining task, dated January 1, 2002, and represent the official waste volume estimates for Hanford's waste storage tanks. The interstitial liquid estimates for pumpable liquid remaining (PLR) and drainable interstitial liquid (DIL) were calculated from these volumes using the waste phase drainable porosities per Updated Liquid Volume Estimates (HNF-2978 and RPP-5556)
HNF-2978, Rev. 4, resulted in changes to tanks C-103, S-101, S-102, S-107, S-111, and S-112, effective June 30, 2002.

TANK NO. INTEGRITY STATUS (Kgal) (Kgal) LIQUID HONTH PUMPED REMAINING (Kgal) (K	REMAINING (Kgal) FATUS 4 0 62 55 85 80 29 25 10 6 31 27	88 316 125 259	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE 11/29/83 09/30/95 01/01/02 01/01/02	05/18/76 07/28/87	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTE FOR THESE CHANGES
C-101 ASMD LKR IS/IP 88 0 4 0 0 C-102 SOUND IS/IP 316 0 62 0 47 6 C-103 SOUND /PI 202 77 10 0 0 68 C-104 SOUND IS/R 259 0 29 0 0 29 C-105 SOUND IS/PI 132 0 10 0 0 1	4 0 62 55 85 80 29 25 10 6 31 27	316 125 259	0 0 0	09/30/95 01/01/02	05/18/76 07/28/87	08/24/95	
-101 ASMD LKR IS/IP 88 0 4 0 0 -102 SOUND IS/IP 316 0 62 0 47 6 -103 SOUND /PI 202 77 10 0 0 8 -104 SOUND IS/R 259 0 29 0 0 2 -105 SOUND IS/PI 132 0 10 0 0 1	4 0 62 55 85 80 29 25 10 6 31 27	316 125 259	0 0 0	09/30/95 01/01/02	05/18/76 07/28/87	08/24/95	
C-102 SOUND IS/IP 316 0 62 0 47 6 C-103 SOUND /PI 202 77 10 0 0 8 C-104 SOUND IS/R 259 0 29 0 0 2 C-105 SOUND IS/PI 132 0 10 0 0 1	62 55 85 80 29 25 10 6 31 27	316 125 259	0	09/30/95 01/01/02	05/18/76 07/28/87	08/24/95	
C-104 SOUND IS/R 259 0 29 0 0 2 C-105 SOUND IS/PI 132 0 10 0 0	29 25 10 6 31 27	259	0				
C-104 SOUND IS/R 259 0 29 0 0 2 C-105 SOUND IS/PI 132 0 10 0 0	29 25 10 6 31 27	259		01/01/02		The second secon	
-105 SOUND IS/PI 132 0 10 0 0 1	10 6 31 27				07/25/90		
	31 27		0	02/29/00		08/30/95	
-100 300ND /FI 30 1 0 0 3		6	0	10/31/99	The contract the contract of the	08/08/94	
C-107 SOUND IS/IP 248 0 30 0 41 3	30 25	248	0	01/01/02	The Course of th		
	4 0	66	0	02/24/84	12/05/74	11/17/94	
-109 SOUND IS/IP 63 0 4 0 0	4 0	63	0	01/01/02	The state of the s		
-110 ASMD LKR IS/IP 178 1 37 0 16 3	38 30	177	0	06/14/95	08/12/86	05/23/95	
NORMAN CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY	4 0	57	0	04/28/82	The state of the s	02/02/95	
-112 SOUND IS/IP 104 0 6 0 0	6 1	104	0	09/18/90			
	0 0	1	0	01/01/02	The second section is a second		
-202 ASMD LKR IS/R 1 0 0 0 0	0 0	1	0	01/19/79	12/09/86		
-203 ASMD LKR IS/R 3 0 0 0 0	0 0	3	0	01/01/02	12/09/86		
-204 ASMD LKR IS/R 3 0 0 0 0	0 0	3	0	04/28/82	12/09/86		
6 TANKS - TOTALS 1757		1649	0				
S TANK FARM ST	TATUS						
-101 SOUND /PI 398 (e) (e) 16 25 (e)	(e)	1 122	276	10/31/02	03/18/88		(e)
-102 SOUND /R 442 (f) (f) 1 62 (f)	(f)	22	420	10/31/02			(f)
	46 39		227	03/24/00		01/28/00	
	49 45		156	12/20/84	The state of the s		
	42 33		404	01/01/02			
그 그 가게 들었다. 그 그리고 하는 사람들은 경우 가요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요요	26 18		455	02/28/01		01/28/00	
107 SOUND /PI 341 (g) (g) 2 34 (g)	(g)	321	20	10/31/02			(g)
	4 0		545	01/01/02	The second second second	12/03/96	
	16 12		520	06/30/01	12/31/98		
	30 27	96	293	01/01/02		12/11/96	
-111 SOUND /PI 489 (h) (h) 0 55 (h)	(h)	76	413	09/30/02	08/10/89		(h)
-112 SOUND /PI 615 (I) (I) 5 133 (I)	(1)	6	609	10/31/02	The state of the state of		(1)
2 TANKS - TOTALS 5143		804	4338				

H.

SX-108 ASMD LKR

SX-109 ASMD LKR

SX-110 ASMD LKR

SX-112 ASMD LKR

SX-113 ASMD LKR

SX-115 ASMD LKR

15 TANKS - TOTALS:

ASMD LKR

ASMD LKR

SX-111

SX-114

IS/IP

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IS/IP

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TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

October 31, 2002

The SST volume estimates were derived from the Best-Basis Inventory baselining task, dated January 1, 2002, and represent the official waste volume estimates for Hanford's waste storage tanks. The interstitial liquid estimates for pumpable liquid remaining (PLR) and drainable interstitial liquid (DIL) were calculated from these volumes using the waste phase drainable porosities per Updated Liquid Volume Estimates (HNF-2978 and RPP-5556)

HNF-2978, Rev. 4, resulted in changes to tanks SX-101, SX-102, and SX-111, effective June 30, 2002

			1.10				WASTE \	/OLUMES					PHOTOS	/VIDEOS	
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER- NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	LIQUID	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTE FOR THESE CHANGES
						1	X TANK	FARM STA	TUS						
SX-101	SOUND	/PI	413	(j)	(j)	0	32	(j)	(i)	144	269	08/31/02	03/10/89		(j)
SX-102	SOUND	/PI	463	(k)	. (k)	4	43	(k)	(k)	55	408	10/31/02	01/07/88		(k)
SX-103	SOUND	/PI	491	(1)	(1)	0	134	(1)	(1)	8	483	09/30/02			(1)
SX-104	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	446	0	48	0	231	48	39	136	310	04/30/00		02/04/98	
SX-105	SOUND	IS /PI	376	0	39	0	153	39	35	65	311	04/30/01	06/15/88		
SX-106	SOUND	IS/PI	397	0	37	0	148	37	31	0	397	05/30/00			
SX-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	95	0	7	0	0	7	3	79	16	01/01/02			
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01/01/02

01/01/02

01/01/02

01/01/02

01/01/02

03/06/87

05/21/86

02/20/87

06/09/94

03/10/87

03/18/88

02/26/87

03/31/88

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						<u>T</u>	TANK FAR	RM STATUS						
T-101	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	100	0	16	0	25	16	12	37	63	01/01/02	04/07/93	
T-102	SOUND	IS/IP	32	13	3	0	0	16	13	19	0	08/31/84		
T-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	27	4	3	0	0	7	4	23	0	11/29/83		
T-104	SOUND	IS/PI	317	0	31	0	150	31	27	317	0	11/30/99	06/29/89	10/07/99
T-105	SOUND	IS/IP	98	0	5	0	0	5	0	98	0	05/29/87	05/14/87	
T-106	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	01/01/01	06/29/89	
T-107	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	173	0	34	0	11	34	28	173	0	05/31/96		05/09/96
T-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	16	0	4	0	0	4	0	5	11	01/01/01		00,00,00

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October 31, 2002

The SST volume estimates were derived from the Best-Basis Inventory baselining task, dated January 1, 2002, and represent the official waste volume estimates for Hanford's waste storage tanks. The interstitial liquid estimates for pumpable liquid remaining (PLR) and drainable interstitial liquid (DIL) were calculated from these volumes using the waste phase drainable porosities per Updated Liquid Volume Estimates (HNF-2978 and RPP 5556).

Sludge and Saltcake volumes include Retained Gas

					William Co.	10/45	WASTE V	OLUMES					PHOTOS	S/VIDES	
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER- NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	LIQUID	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
T-109	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	62	0	11	0	0	11	4	1 0	62	01/01/02	02/25/93		
T-110	SOUND	IS/PI	370	1	48	0	50	48	43		0	03/31/02		10/07/99	
T-111	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	447	0	38	0	10	38	35		ő	01/01/02		02/13/95	
T-112	SOUND	IS/IP	67	7	4	0	0	11	7	60	ő	04/28/82		02/13/33	
T-201	SOUND	IS/IP	31	2	4	0	0	6	2	29	o	01/01/02			
T-202	SOUND	IS/IP	21	0	3	0	0	3	0	21	ő	07/12/81	and a street		
T-203	SOUND	IS/IP	37	0	5	0	0	5	0	37	ő	01/01/02	08/03/89		
T-204	SOUND	IS/IP	37	0	5	0	0	5	0	37	0	01/01/02			
16 TAN	KS - TOTALS		1857							1694	136				
						T	X TANK	FARM STAT	TIC				2		
TX-101	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	91	0	7	0	0	7	3	74	17	01/01/02	10/24/85		
TX-102	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	217	0	27	0	94	27	16	2	215	A Charles Spicescope	10/24/85		
TX-103	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	145	0	18	0	68	18	11	0	145	01/01/02			
ΓX-104	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	69	3	9	0	4	12	7	34	32	01/01/02			
TX-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	576	0	25	0	122	25	14	8	568	01/01/02			
TX-106	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	348	0	37	0	135	37	30	5	343	03/31/02			
TX-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	30	0	7	0	0	7	0	0	30	01/01/02			
TX-108	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	129	0	8	0	14	8	1	6	123	01/01/02	09/12/89		
X-109	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	363	0	6	0	72	6	2	363	0	01/01/02	10/24/89		
X-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	467	0	14	0	115	14	10	37	430	01/01/02	10/24/89		
TX-111	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	365	0	10	0	98	10	6	43	322	01/01/02			
X-112	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	634	0	26	0	94	26	21	0	634	01/01/02			
TX-113	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	639	0	18	0	19	18	14	93	546	01/01/02	04/11/83	09/23/94	
X-114	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	532	0	17	0	104	17	11	4	528	01/01/02	04/11/83	ESSENCE HELEVAL	
X-115	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	554	0	25	0	99	25	15	8	546	01/01/02	06/15/88		
X-116	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	599	2	21	0	24	21	17	66	531	03/31/02			
TX-117	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	481	0	10	0	54	10	5	29	452	01/01/02			
X-118	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	256	О	31	0	89	31	27	0	256	01/01/02			
8 TANK	S - TOTALS		6495							772	5718				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

October 31, 2002

The SST volume estimates were derived from the Best-Basis Inventory baselining task, dated January 1, 2002, and represent the official waste volume estimates for Hanford's waste storage tanks. The interstitial liquid estimates for pumpable liquid remaining (PLR) and drainable interstitial liquid (DIL) were calculated from these volumes using the waste phase drainable porosities per Updated Liquid Volume Estimates (HNF-2978 and RPP-5556). HNF-2978, Rev. 4, resulted in changes to tanks U-107, U-108, and U-111, effective July 30, 2002.

Sludge and Saltcake volumes include Retained Gas. WASTE VOLUMES PHOTOS/VIDEOS SEE SUPER- DRAINABLE PUMPED DRAINABLE PUMPABLE **FOOTNOTES** TOTAL NATANT INTERSTITIAL THIS TOTAL LIQUID LIQUID SALT SOLIDS LAST LAST FOR TANK TANK TANK WASTE LIQUID LIQUID MONTH PUMPED REMAINING REMAINING SLUDGE CAKE VOLUME IN-TANK IN-TANK THESE NO. INTEGRITY **STATUS** (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) (Kgal) **UPDATE PHOTO VIDEO CHANGES** TY TANK FARM STATUS TY-101 ASMD LKR IS/IP/CCS 118 0 2 0 06/30/99 08/22/89 72 46 TY-102 SOUND IS/IP/CCS 69 0 13 0 7 13 6 69 0 01/01/02 07/07/87 TY-103 ASMD LKR IS/IP/CCS 155 0 23 0 12 23 19 103 52 01/01/02 08/22/89 ASMD LKR TY-104 IS/IP/CCS 44 4 0 0 5 1 43 03/31/02 11/03/87 ASMD LKR TY-105 IS/IP/CCS 231 0 12 0 4 12 10 231 04/28/82 09/07/89 TY-106 ASMD LKR IS/IP/CCS 16 0 0 0 0 16 01/01/02 08/22/89 6 TANKS - TOTALS 633 465 167 U TANK FARM STATUS U-101 ASMD LKR IS/IP 24 0 4 0 0 0 24 01/01/02 06/19/79 U-102 SOUND IS /PI 327 1 0 87 34 293 06/31/02 06/08/89 U-103 SOUND IS/PI 418 1 33 0 99 34 405 28 13 01/30/00 09/13/88 U-104 ASMD LKR IS/IP 122 0 0 0 0 0 0 122 01/01/02 08/10/89 U-105 SOUND IS/PI 353 0 44 0 88 44 40 32 321 03/30/01 07/07/88 U-106 SOUND 2 IS/PI 172 36 0 39 38 31 0 170 03/30/01 07/07/88 U-107 SOUND /PI 320 0 (n) (n) 91 (n) 15 305 (n) 09/30/02 10/27/88 (m) U-108 SOUND /PI 430 (o) (0) 5 38 (o) (0) 29 401 10/31/02 09/12/84 (n) U-109 SOUND 401 IS/PI 0 78 35 366 04/30/02 07/07/88 U-110 ASMD LKR IS/PI 176 0 16 0 0 16 176 01/01/02 12/11/84 U-111 SOUND /PI 267 (p) (p) 5 72 (p) (p) 26 241 10/31/02 06/23/88 (p) U-112 ASMD LKR IS/IP 45 0 0 0 0 0 45 02/10/84 08/03/89 U-201 SOUND IS/IP 1 0 0 2 4 1 08/15/79 08/08/89 U-202 SOUND IS/IP 0 0 3 0 1 01/01/02 08/08/89 U-203 SOUND IS/IP 0 0 0 3 01/01/02 06/13/89 U-204 SOUND IS/IP 1 0 0 3 01/01/02 06/13/89 16 TANKS - TOTALS 3072 564 2502 **GRAND TOTAL** 31679

Notes: (1) The total waste volume includes a volume of retained gas that was calculated from tank measurements. Seven tanks are affected: A-101, AX-101, S-102, S-111, SX-105, U-103, and U-109.

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^{(2) +/- 1} Kgal difference in volumes is due to rounding

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – SINGLE-SHELL TANKS October 31, 2002

Footnotes:

Stabilization information is from WHC-SD-RE-TI-178, "SST Stabilization Record," latest revision, or from the SST Stabilization Project, or the System Engineer.

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volumes (below) are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 4, "Updated Pumpable Liquid Volume Estimates and Jet Pump Operations for Interim Stabilization of Remaining Single-Shell Tanks," dated June 2002.

Best Basis Inventory (BBI) rebaselining and/or quarterly update review resulted in changes to the following tanks effective March 31, 2002: BY-106, BY-112, S-104, SX-102, T-110, TX-106, TX-116, and TY-104. HNF-2978, Rev. 4, resulted in changes to the following tanks, effective June 30, 2002: A-101, AX-101, BY-105, BY-106, C-103, S-101, S-102, S-107, S-111, S-112, SX-101, SX-102, SX-103, U-107, U-108, and U-111.

Tank Status for C-104, C-201, C-202, C-203, C-204, S-102, S-103, S-105, and S-106 was changed from Intrusion Prevention to "Retrieval" effective October 2002.

Letter to DOE-ORP, CHG-0203601 R1, dated October 15, 2002, requests that tanks S-102, S-112, and U-107 be removed from the Consent Decree stabilization requirements, and that the tanks be considered for accelerated retrieval of the waste. CH2M HILL recommends that waste retrieval and pumping commence prior to achieving the interim stabilization endpoint, as currently defined in the Interim Stabilization Consent Decree. This initiative will achieve the objective of early removal of waste from aging Single-Shell Tanks and will require an amendment to the Interim Stabilization Consent Decree.

(a) A-101 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 610 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began on May 6, 2000. No pumping occurred from July 12, 2000, until January 17, 2002, when pumping resumed. Pumping was shut down March 27, 2002, due to high transfer line pressure; pumping resumed April 20, 2002.

Volumes reported in May 2002 and subsequent months reflect an error associated with the readings from the flowmeter (approximately a 1% deviation - the flowmeter is reading high). The final amount of waste transferred at the end of saltwell pumping will be adjusted to correct for this error; until then the volumes reported will be the actual volumes on the procedure data sheets.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(b) AX-101 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 365 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began July 29, 2000, shut down on August 11, 2000, and resumed March 22, 2001. Pumping was shut down April 3, 2001, due to failure of the transfer line. Pumping resumed February 1, 2002, and was shut down again March 28, 2002, due to alarm #40 Power Monitor. Pumping was resumed April 9, 2002.

Volumes reported in May 2002 and subsequent months reflect an error associated with the readings from the flowmeter (approximately a 1% deviation - the flowmeter was reading high). The final amount of waste transferred at the end of saltwell pumping will be adjusted to correct for this error; until then the volumes reported will be the actual volumes on the procedure data sheets.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(c) BY-105 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 94 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began July 11, 2001. Pumping was shut down August 11, 2001, due to transfer line leak detectors not meeting all operability requirements of the TSR. Compensatory actions were established to allow resumption of pumping. Additionally, field work for Project W-314, "Tank Farm Upgrades," took the primary transfer route out of service. No pumping occurred from August to

November 2001 when pumping resumed. No pumping occurred between December 2001 and August 2002; DCRT waste had to be transferred to tank AP-102 before pumping could resume. Pumping was restarted and shut down several times during August 2002. Pumping was shut down on August 30, 2002, because the DCRT was full: awaiting BX-244 transfer to AP-102. Pumping was restarted on September 1, 2002, and shut down on September 13, 200. Troubleshooting indicates two possible problems: (1) a plugged backflow preventer downstream of the injection pump or (2) the thrust bearings in the transfer pump are worn out.

This tank was placed under evaluation for meeting Interim Stabilization criteria on September 13, 2002.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization

(d) BY-106 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 103 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping was originally started August 10, 1995, and shut down October 17, 1995, due to an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) for flammable gas concerns.

Pumping was restarted July 11, 2001. Pumping was shut down August 11, 2001, due to transfer line leak detectors not meeting all operability requirements of the TSR. Compensatory actions were established to allow resumption of pumping. Additionally, field work for Project W-314, "Tank Farm Upgrades," took the primary transfer route out of service. Pumping resumed November 13, 2001. No pumping occurred between December 2001 and August 2002; DCRT waste had to be transferred to tank AP-102 before pumping could resume. Pumping was restarted, shut down, and restarted several times during August 2002. Pumping was shut down on August 30, 2002, because the DCRT was full: awaiting BX-244 transfer to AP-102. Pumping was shut down and restarted several times in early October 2002, and was shut down on October 9, 2002, to support maintenance work.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization

(e) S-101 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 77 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began July 27, 2002. Pumping was shut down and restarted several times in August 2002; pumping was shut down on August 7, 2002. Pumping was shut down and restarted several times in October 2002; shut down on October 23, 2002, due to an alarm for the Programmable Logic Controller Communication (PLCC) link failing. Pumping remains shut down until troubleshooting is completed.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(f) S-102 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 156 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began March 18, 1999. Many pumping problems occurred over the following months, and the pump was replaced several times. Pumping was interrupted again in June 2000. No pumping occurred until May 10, 2002, when pumping resumed. The pump was manually shut down May 18, 2002. A Lock and Tag was hung to support Saltwell Tie-in work scheduled. Pumping resumed June 30, 2002. Pumping was shut down on October 15, 2002, because the analog/mechanical water meter is not advancing, and there is no way to track dilution additions until the water meter is repaired. A letter was sent to DOE-ORP on October 15, 2002 - see top of page B-8 for further information.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization

(g) S-107 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 60 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began on September 4, 2002. Pumping was shut down and restarted several times in October 2002; pumping shut down on October 17, 2002, due to a high bearing temperature. Failed recirculation line check valves are suspected.

(h) S-111 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 147 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began December 18, 2001. (Additionally, 3 Kgal were pumped in October 1975) Shut down on October 1, 2002 to support an S-complex outage. Awaiting pumping restart; no pumping in October 2002.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(i) S-112 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 67 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping resumed on September 21, 2002. (Initial saltwell pumping took place in August 1978, with a total of 125 Kgal being pumped at that time.) A letter was sent to DOE-ORP on October 15, 2002 - see top of page B-8 for further information.

(j) SX-101 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 80 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began November 22, 2000. No pumping has occurred since December 2000 due to failure of the pump. Pumping resumed September 21, 2001, following replacement of the saltwell pump and the lower piping. No pumping has occurred since November 2001. Attempts were made to restart pumping in July 2002; pumping remains down because jet/foot valve assembly is plugged.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(k) SX-102 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 106 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began December 15, 2001. Pumping was shut down on August 14, 2002, in support of S-107 field work. Pumping was manually shut down on October 23, 2002, due to an alarm for the PLCC failure alarm in S-101 not shutting the pump down. Pumping remains shut down for troubleshooting.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(1) SX-103 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 175 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began October 26, 2000. Pumping was shut down April 22, 2001, due to leak detector and subsequent shielding problems in the pump pit. Pumping resumed September 14, 2001. Pumping was shut down on August 14, 2002, in support of S-107 field work. Pumping was restarted September 1, 2002, and shut down on September 17, 2002.

This tank was placed under evaluation for meeting Interim Stabilization criteria on September 17, 2002.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization

(m) U-107 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 115 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began September 29, 2001. Pumping was shut down on September 11, 2002. The pump had failed, and was replaced on October 21, 2002. A letter was sent to DOE-ORP on October 15, 2002 - see top of page B-8 for further information.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization

(n) U-108 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 120 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began December 2, 2001. No pumping occurred in April 2002; pumping remains down due to a partially plugged transfer line. Pumping was restarted briefly on May 18, 2002. The pump shut down several times due to alarming and was restarted in bypass mode. From May 18 to May 31, 2002, various Trouble Alarms were intermittently activated. During June 2002, this pump was restarted and shut down several times. As of June 30, 2002, it was still shut down due to transfer line restrictions. Pumping resumed in July 2002. Pumping was shut down on September 30, 2002, for planned SY exhauster outage. Pumping was restarted and shut down several times in October 2002, and work is currently underway for restart.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

(o) U-111 Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 77 Kgal (HNF-2978, Rev. 4, effective June 30, 2002)

Pumping began on June 14, 2002. Pumping was shut down and restarted several times in October 2002, and work is currently underway for restart.

Final volumes will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.

TABLE B-2. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS STABILIZATION STATUS SUMMARY October 31, 2002

Partial Interim Isolated (PI)	Intrusion Preve	ention Completed (IP)	Interim Sta	bilized (IS)
EAST AREA	EAST AREA	WEST AREA	EAST AREA	WEST AREA
A-101	EAST AREA A-103 A-104 A-105 A-106 AX-102 AX-103 AX-104 B-FARM - 16 tanks BX-FARM - 12 tanks BY-101 BY-104	-	··	S-103
A-102	A-104	J 13.	A-102 A-103 A-104 A-105 A-106 AX-102 AX-103 AX-104 B-FARM - 16 tanks BX-FARM - 12 tanks BY-101 BY-102 BY-103 BY-104 BY-107 BY-108 BY-109 BY-110 BY-111 BY-112 C-101 C-102 C-105 C-107 C-108 C-109 C-110 C-111 C-112 C-201	S-104
A-102	A-105	SX-107	A-104	S-105
AX-101	A-106	SX-108	A-105	S-106
AX-101	A-100	SX-109	A-106	S-108
BY-102	AX-102	SX-110	, , , o o	S-109
BY-103	AX-103	SX-111	AX-102	S-110
BY-105	AX-104	SX-112	AX-103	*
BY-106	700.101	SX-113	AX-104	SX-104
BY-109	B-FARM - 16 tanks	SX-114		SX-105
B1*103	BX-FARM - 12 tanks	SX-115	B-FARM - 16 tanks	SX-106
C-103		57,5	BX-FARM - 12 tanks	SX-107
C-105	BY-101	T-102	.	SX-108
C-106	BY-104	T-103	BY-101	SX-109
East Area 11	BY-107	T-105	BY-102	SX-110
	8	T-106	BY-103	SX-111
WEST AREA	BY-110	T-108	BY-104	SX-112
S-101	BY-111	T-109	BY-107	SX-113
S-107	BY-112	T-112	BY-108	SX-114
S-108	D1-112	T-201	BY-109	SX-115
S-109	BY-108 BY-110 BY-111 BY-112 C-101 C-102 C-107 C-108 C-109 C-110 C-111 C-111	T-202	BY-110	OX-110
S-110	C-102	T-203	BY-111	T-Farm - 16 tanks
S-111	C-107	T-204	BY-112	TX-Farm - 18 tanks
S-112	C-107	1-204	D1-112	TY-Farm - 6 tanks
3-112	C-109	TX-FARM - 18 tanks	C-101	- Q - O (Q G
SX-101	C-109 C-110	IX-FAINT- 10 taling	C-101 C-102	U-101
SX-107	C-111	TY-FARM - 6 tanks	C-102	U-102
SX-102 SX-103	C-112	1 (-FAINIVI - O LIGHKS	C-102 C-105	U-103
SX-103 SX-104	V G-112	U-101	C-107	U-104
SX-104 SX-105		U-104	C-107	U-105
SX-105	\$ \$ \$	U-112	C-109	U-106
37-100		U-201	C-109 C-110	U-109
T-101		U-202	C-110	U-110
T-104	*	U-203	C-112	U-112
T-107		U-204	C-201	U-201
T-107	East Area 50		C-201	U-202
T 444	<u> </u>	West Area 52 Total 102	C-202 C-203	U-203
		102	C-204	U-204
U-102			East Area 60	West Area 72
U-102	<u>Retrieval</u>		<u> </u>	Total 132
U-105	<u> </u>		Controlled, Clean,	100
U-106	East Area	West Area	Controlled Clean	and Stable (CCS)
	×	S-102	Controlled, Clean,	allu Stable (CCS)
U-108	C-104 C-201	S-102 S-103	East Area	West Area
U-109	C-201	S-105 S-105	BX-Farm - 12 Tanks	TX-Farm - 18 Tanks
U-110	C 202		DA-Faiii - IZ Idiiks	
U-111	C-104 C-201 C-202 C-203 C-204	S-106	East Area 12	TY Farm - 6 Tanks West Area 24
West Area 26	East Area 5	West Area 4	East Area 12	West Area 24 Total 36
Total 37		Total 9	CCS activities have	been deferred until
			CCS activities nave	

TABLE B-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS October 31, 2002

		Interim	T	88		7	1	1	588	86	 	,	
Tank	Tank	1	Carrie		.	ļ <u>.</u> .	Interim					Interim	
1	1	Stabil.	Stabil.	. 🏽	Tank	Tank	Stabil.	Stabil.		Tank	Tank	Stabil.	Stabil.
Number A-101	<u>Integrity</u> SOUND	<u>Date (1)</u> N/A	Method	L	Number C-101	Integrity ASMD LKR	Date (1) 11/83	Method AR	l	Number T-108		Date (1)	Method
A-102	SOUND	08/89	SN		C-102	SOUND	09/95	JET(2)	-	T-108	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR
A-103	ASMD LKR	06/88	AR		C-103	SOUND	N/A	JLT(2)	-	T-110	SOUND	12/84	JET(5)
A-104	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR(3)		C-104	SOUND	09/89	SN		T-111	ASMD LKR	02/95	JET(5)
A-105	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR		C-105	SOUND	10/95	AR		T-112	SOUND	03/81	AR(2)(3)
A-106	SOUND	08/82	AR		C-106	SOUND	N/A			T-201	SOUND	04/81	AR (3)
AX-101	SOUND	N/A			C-107	SOUND	09/95	JET		T-202	SOUND	08/81	AR
AX-102	ASMD LKR	09/88	SN		C-108	SOUND	03/84	AR		T-203	SOUND	04/81	AR
AX-103	SOUND	08/87	AR		C-109	SOUND	11/83	AR		T-204	SOUND	08/81	AR
AX-104	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR	***	C-110	ASMD LKR	05/95	JET		TX-101	SOUND	02/84	AR
B-101	ASMD IKR	03/81	SN		C-111	ASMD LKR	03/84	SN		TX-102	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-102	SOUND	08/85	SN		C-112	SOUND	09/90	AR		TX-103	SOUND	08/83	JET
B-103	ASMD IKR	02/85	SN		C-201	ASMD LKR	03/82	AR		TX-104	SOUND	09/79	SN
B-104	SOUND	06/85	SN		C-202	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR		TX-105	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-105	ASMD IKR	12/84	AR		C-203	ASMD LKR	03/82	AR		TX-106	SOUND	06/83	JET
B-106	SOUND	03/85	SN		C-204	ASMD LKR	09/82	AR		TX-107	ASMD LKR	10/79	AR
B-107	ASMD LKR	03/85	SN		S-101	SOUND	N/A	l		TX-108	SOUND	03/83	JET
B-108	SOUND	05/85	SN		S-102	SOUND	N/A		**	TX-109	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-109	SOUND	04/85	SN		S-103	SOUND	04/00	JET (6)		TX-110	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-110	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR		S-104	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR	₩	TX-111	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-111	ASMD LKR	06/85	SN		S-105	SOUND	09/88	JET		TX-112	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-112	ASMD LKR	05/85	SN		S-106	SOUND	02/01	JET (10)	I	TX-113	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-201	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR (3)		S-107	SOUND	N/A			TX-114	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-202	SOUND	05/85	AR(2)		S-108	SOUND	12/96	JET		TX-115	ASMD LKR	09/83	JET
B-203	ASMD LKR	06/84	AR		S-109	SOUND	06/01	JET (13)		TX-116	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-204	ASMD LKR	06/84	AR		S-110	SOUND	01/97	JET		TX-117	ASMD LKR	03/83	JET
BX-101	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR(3)		S-111	SOUND	N/A			TX-118	SOUND	04/83	JET
BX-102 BX-103	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR		S-112	SOUND	N/A		 	TY-101	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
BX-103 BX-104	SOUND	11/83	AR(2)(3)		SX-101	SOUND	N/A		 	TY-102	SOUND	09/79	AR
BX-104 BX-105	SOUND	09/89	SN		SX-102	SOUND	N/A		***	TY-103	ASMD LKR	02/83	JET
BX-105	SOUND	03/81	SN		SX-103	SOUND	N/A			TY-104	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR
BX-100	SOUND	07/95 09/90	SN	*	SX-104	A\$MD LKR	04/00	JET (7)		TY-105	ASMD LKR	02/83	JET
BX-107	ASMD LKR	09/90	JET		SX-105	SOUND	08/02	JET (16)		TY-106	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR
BX-109	SOUND	08/90	JET	***	\$X-106	SOUND	05/00	JET (8)		U-101	ASMD LKR	09/79	AR
BX-110	ASMD LKR	08/85	SN	***	SX-107	ASMD LKR	10/79	AR	***	U-102	SOUND	06/02	JET (15)
BX-111	ASMD LKR	03/95	JET	888 888	SX-108	ASMD LKR	08/79	AR	***	U-103	SOUND	09/00	JET (9)
BX-112	SOUND	09/90	JET	***	SX-109 SX-110	ASMD LKR	05/81	AR	***	U-104	ASMD LKR	10/78	AR
3Y-101	SOUND	05/84	JET	888 888		ASMD LKR	08/79	AR	***	U-105	SOUND	03/01	JET (11)
3Y-102	SOUND	04/95	JET		SX-111 SX-112	ASMD LKR	07/79	SN	***	U-106	SOUND	03/01	JET (12)
3Y-103	ASMD LKR	11/97	JET(2)	0.000	SX-112 SX-113	ASMD LKR ASMD LKR	07/79	AR		U-107	SOUND	N/A	
3Y-104	SOUND	01/85	JET JET	888 888	SX-113	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR	*****	U-108	SOUND	N/A	
3Y-105	ASMD LKR	N/A	JE 1	8888 8888	SX-115		07/79	AR	****	U-109	SOUND		JET (14)
3Y-106	ASMD LKR	N/A		88888 88888	T-101	ASMD LKR ASMD LKR	09/78	AR(3)		U-110	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR
3Y-107	ASMD LKR	07/79	JET	888 888	T-101	SOUND	04/93	SN		U-111	SOUND	N/A	
3Y-108	ASMD LKR	02/85	JET	8888 8888	T-102	ASMD LKR	03/81	AR(2)(3)		U-112	ASMD LKR	09/79	AR
3Y-109	SOUND	07/97	JET	888 888	T-103	SOUND	11/83	AR		U-201	SOUND	08/79	AR
3Y-110	SOUND	01/85	JET	***	T-105	SOUND	11/99	JET(4)	****	U-202	SOUND	08/79	SN
3Y-111	SOUND	01/85	JET	0.0000	T-106	ASMD LKR	06/87	AR		U-203	SOUND	08/79	AR
Y-112	SOUND	06/84	JET		T-107		08/81	AR		U-204	SOUND	08/79	SN
EGEND:		00/UT	JLI	(888)	1-107	ASMD LKR	05/96	JET					
	Administrativel	v interim st	ahilizad										
ET =	Saltwell jet pun	nped to rem	nove drair	ah	le interetit	ial liquid	ſ				abilized Tanks		132
SN =	Supernatant pu	mped (Non	Jet numr	her		iai iiyutu	l			Not Yet In	terim Stabiliz	ed	17
	Not yet interim		+ Puilip	. Ju	,		İ			T			
SMD							l			⊺otal S	Single-Shell T	anks	149
LKR =	Assumed Leake	er					i						ł

TABLE B-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS

Footnotes: (in chronological order)

- (1) These dates indicate when the tanks were actually interim stabilized. In some cases, the official interim stabilization documents were issued at a later date.
- (2) Although tanks BX-103, T-102, and T-112 met the interim stabilization administrative procedure at the time they were stabilized, they no longer meet the recently updated administrative procedure. The tanks were re-evaluated in 1996 and letter 9654456, J. H. Wicks to J. K. McClusky, DOE-RL, dated September 30, 1996, was issued which recommended that no further pumping be performed on these tanks, based on an economic evaluation.

Document RPP-5556, Rev. 0, "Updated Drainable Interstitial Liquid Volume Estimates for 119 Single-Shell Tanks Declared Stabilized," J. G. Field, February 7, 2000, states that five tanks no longer meet the stabilization criteria (BX-103, T-102, and T-112 exceed the supernatant criteria, and BY-103 and C-102 exceed the Drainable Interstitial Liquid [DIL]criteria).

An intrusion investigation was completed on tank B-202 in 1996 because of a detected increase in surface level. As a result of this investigation, it was determined that this tank no longer meets the recently updated administrative procedure for 200 series tanks.

- (3) Earlier versions of HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, "SST Stabilization Record," indicated that original Interim Stabilization data are missing on four tanks: B-201, T-102, T-112, and T-201. HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, Rev. 7, dated February 9, 2001, added three additional tanks to those missing stabilization data: A-104, BX-101, and SX-115.
- (4) Tank T-104 was declared Interim Stabilized on November 19, 1999. In-tank video taken October 7, 1999, shows the surface is clearly sludge-type waste with no saltcake present. There is no visible supernatant on the surface. Waste surface appears level across tank with numerous cracks. There is a minimal collapsed area around the saltwell screen, with no visible bottom.
- (5) Tank T-110 was declared Interim Stabilized on January 5, 2000, after a major equipment failure. An intank video taken October 7, 1999 (pumping was discontinued on August 12, 1999), showed the surface of this tank as smooth, brown-tinted sludge with visible cracks.
- (6) Tank S-103 was declared Interim Stabilized on April 18, 2000. The surface is a rough, black and brown-colored waste with yellow patches of saltcake visible throughout. The surface appears to be damp, but not saturated, and shows irregular cracking typically seen with surfaces beginning to dry out. A pool of supernatant (10 feet in diameter, 5 feet deep, 1.0 Kgallons) is visible from video observations.
- (7) Tank SX-104 was declared Interim Stabilized on April 26, 2000, after a major equipment failure. The surface is a rough, yellowish gray saltcake waste with an irregular surface of visible cracks and shelves that were created as the surface dried out. The waste surface appears to be dry and shows no standing liquid within the tank.
- (8) Tank SX-106 was declared Interim Stabilized on May 5, 2000. The surface is a smooth, white-colored saltcake waste. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to a large depression in the center of the tank. A second depression surrounds both saltwell screens and an abandoned Liquid Observation Well (LOW). The waste surfaces appear dry and show no standing liquid within the tank.

- (9) Tank U-103 was declared Interim Stabilized on September 11, 2000. The surface is a brown colored waste with irregular patches of white salt crystal. Approximately 30% of the waste surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to the first of two depressions in the center of the tank. The waste surface appears dry and shows signs of drying and cracking due to saltwell pumping. LOW readings indicate an average adjusted ILL of 60.2 inches. There is a small pool of supernatant estimated to be 500 gallons.
- (10) Tank S-106 was declared Interim Stabilized on February 1, 2001. The surface is a rough, brown and yellow-colored saltcake waste with an irregular surface of mounds and saltcake crystals that were created as the surface was dried out. The waste surface appears to be dry and shows no standing liquid within the tank. There is no evidence of supernatant from video observations. The waste surface slopes gradually from the tank sidewall to the depression in the center of the tank. The depression surrounds both of the saltwell screens, but does not extend around the temperature probe and ENRAF devices.
- (11) Tank U-105 was declared Interim Stabilized on March 29, 2001, after a major equipment failure. The surface is a brown colored waste with irregular patches of white salt crystal. Approximately 15% of the surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes to the first of two depressions in the center of the tank; the first depression is cone shaped and estimated to be 22 feet in diameter. The second depression, inside the first, is cylindrically shaped and has a diameter of approximately 10 feet. Both depressions are centered on the saltwell screen. The waste surface appears dry and shows signs of cracking due to saltwell pumping. There is no visible liquid in the tank.
- (12) Tank U-106 was declared Interim Stabilized on March 9, 2001. The surface is a dark brown/yellow colored waste that is covered with many stalagmite-type crystals growing on the surface. The crystals cover approximately 75% of the waste surface. The waste surface is irregular, appears dry, and shows only minimal signs of cracking due to saltwell pumping. The supernatant pool is estimated to be 13.3 feet in diameter based on the visible portion of the saltwell screen. The pool is centered on the saltwell screen.
- (13) Tank S-109 was declared Interim Stabilized on June 11, 2001. The surface is primarily a white colored salt crystal with small patches of dark salt visible due to saltwell/sampling activities. Approximately 95% of the waste surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to a depression in the center of the tank. The waste surface appears rough and dry and shows signs of cracking and slumping due to saltwell pumping.
- Tank U-109 was declared Interim Stabilized on April 5, 2002. The declaration letter to DOE was issued on June 20, 2002. The surface is primarily a brown colored waste with irregular patches of white salt crystal. Approximately 70% of the waste surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to a depression in the center of the tank. The depression is cone shaped and is centered on the saltwell screen. The waste surface appears dry and shows signs of cracking due to saltwell pumping. There is no visible liquid within the tank.
- (15) Tank U-102 was declared Interim Stabilized on June 19, 2002. The declaration letter to DOE was issued June 28, 2002. The surface is primarily a gray-brown colored cracked waste with irregular patches of white salt crystal. Approximately 50% of the waste surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to a depression in the center of the tank. The depression is cone shaped and is centered on the saltwell screen. The waste surface appears dry and shows signs of cracking due to saltwell pumping. There is approximately a 5-foot wide pool of visible liquid within the saltwell screen depression.
- (16) Tank SX-105 was declared Interim Stabilized on August 1, 2002; the declaration letter to DOE was issued August 20, 2002. The surface is a rough, yellowish-gray saltcake waste with an irregular surface of visible cracks and shelves due to saltwell pumping. The waste surface appears to be dry and shows no standing water within the tank. The waste surface slopes gradually from the tank sidewall to the center of the tank. There are no large depressions in or around the center of the tank.

TABLE B-4. SINGLE-SHELL TANK INTERIM STABILIZATION MILESTONES October 31, 2002

New single-shell tank interim stabilization milestones were negotiated in 1999 and are identified in the "Consent Decree". The Consent Decree was approved on August 16, 1999.

CONSENT DECREE Attachments A-1 and A-2

The following table is the schedule for pumping liquid waste from the remaining twenty-nine (29) single-shell tanks. This schedule is enforceable pursuant to the terms of the Decree except for the "Projected Pumping Completion Dates," which are estimates only and not enforceable. Also, this schedule does not include tank C-106.

Tank	Project Pumping	Actual Pumping	Projected Pumping	Interim Stabilization			
Designation	Start Date	Start Date	Completion Date	Date			
1. T-104	Already initiated	March 24, 1996	May 30, 1999	November 19, 1999			
2. T-110	Already initiated	May 12, 1997	May 30, 1999	January 5, 2000			
3. SX-104	Already initiated	September 26, 1997	December 30, 2000	April 26, 2000			
4. SX-106	Already initiated	October 6, 1998	December 30, 2000	May 5, 2000			
5. S-102	Already initiated	March 18, 1999	March 30, 2001	1,12, 5, 2000			
6. S-106	Already initiated	April 16, 1999	March 30, 2001	February 1, 2001			
7. S-103	Already initiated	June 4, 1999	March 30, 2001	April 18, 2000			
8. U-103 *	June 15, 2000	September 26, 1999	April 15, 2002	September 11, 2000			
9. U-105 *	June 15, 2000	December 10, 1999	April 15, 2002	March 29, 2001			
10. U-102 *	June 15, 2000	January 20, 2000	April 15, 2002	June 19, 2002			
11. U-109 *	June 15, 2000	March 11, 2000	April 15, 2002	April 5, 2002			
12. A-101	October 30, 2000	May 6, 2000	September 30, 2003	1.151.1.0, 2002			
13. AX-101	October 30, 2000	July 29, 2000	September 30, 2003				
14. SX-105	March 15, 2001	August 8, 2000	February 28, 2003	August 1, 2002			
15. SX-103	March 15, 2001	October 26, 2000	February 28, 2003	1145451 1, 2002			
16. SX-101	March 15, 2001	November 22, 2000	February 28, 2003				
17. U-106 *	March 15, 2001	August 24, 2000	February 28, 2003	March 9, 2001			
18. BY-106	July 15, 2001	July 11, 2001	June 30, 2003	7, 2001			
19. BY-105	July 15, 2001	July 11, 2001	June 30, 2003				
20. U-108	December 30, 2001	December 2, 2001	August 30, 2003				
21. U-107	December 30, 2001	September 29, 2001	August 30, 2003				
22. S-111	December 30, 2001	December 18, 2001	August 30, 2003				
23. SX-102	December 30, 2001	December 15, 2001	August 30, 2003				
24. U-111	November 30, 2002	June 14, 2002	September 30, 2003				
25. S-109	November 30, 2002	September 23, 2000	September 30, 2003	June 11, 2001			
26. S-112	November 30, 2002		September 30, 2003	2001			
27. S-101	November 30, 2002	July 27, 2002	September 30, 2003				
28. S-107	November 30, 2002	-	September 30, 2003	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
29. C-103	The Decree states that i	no later than December	30, 2000, DOE will det	ermine whether the			
	The Decree states that no later than December 30, 2000, DOE will determine whether the organic layer and pumpable liquids will be pumped from this tank together or separately,						
ĺ	and will establish a deadline for initiating pumping of this tank, the parties will incompose						
	me mination deadline i	nto this schedule as pro-	vided in Section VI of t	he Decree This			
	action is complete: OR	P issued a letter to WD	OE on December 22, 20	000, meeting the			
	requirements of this mi	lestone.		. 3			

^{*} Tanks containing organic complexants.

<u>Completion of Interim Stabilization</u>. DOE will complete interim stabilization of all 29 single-shell tanks listed above by September 30, 2004.

Percentage of Pumpable Liquid Remaining to be Removed:

93% of Total Liquid	9/30/1999 (1)
38% of Organic Complexed Pumpable Liquids	9/30/2000 (2)
5% of Organic Complexed Pumpable Liquids	9/30/2001 (3)
18% of Total Liquid	9/30/2002 (4)
2% of Total Liquid	9/30/2003

The "percentage of pumpable liquid remaining to be removed" is calculated by dividing the volume of pumpable liquid remaining to be removed from tanks not yet interim stabilized by the sum of the total amount of liquid that has been pumped and the pumpable liquid that remains to be pumped from all tanks.

- (1) The Pumpable Liquid Remaining was reduced to 88% by September 30, 1999. Reference LMHC-9957926 R1, D. I. Allen, LHMC, to D. C. Bryson, DOE-ORP, dated October 26, 1999.
- (2) The Complexed Pumpable Liquid Remaining was reduced to 38% by September 15, 2000. Reference CHG-0004752, R. F. Wood, CHG, to J. J. Short, DOE-ORP, dated September 13, 2000.
- (3) Reference CHG-0104859, R. F. Wood, CHG, to J. S. O'Connor, DOE-ORP, dated September 20, 2001: this reference states that tanks U-102 and U-109 appear to have met the interim stabilization criteria, thereby reducing the Complexed Pumpable Liquid Remaining to zero. Reference CHG-0202630, dated June 20, 2002, declared tank U-109 Interim Stabilized and confirmed the completion of Consent Decree milestone, Attachment A, Item 11, as well as the partial completion of milestone D-001-004-T01. Reference CHG-0202901, dated June 28, declared tank U-102 Interim Stabilized and confirmed the completion of Consent Decree milestone, Attachment A, Item 10, as well as the partial completion of milestone D-001-004-T01.
- (4) Reference CHG-0204571, J. C. Fulton, CHG, to J. E. Rasmussen, DOE-ORP, dated September 26, 2002: this reference states that Consent Decree Milestone D-001-12V "The Percentage of Pumpable Liquid Remaining to be Removed Will be Equal To or Less Than 18% of Total Liquid," will be completed by September 30, 2002. Reference CHG-204636, R. F. Wood, CHG, to J. S. O'Connor, DOE-ORP, dated September 30, 2002: this reference states that the milestone was met on September 28, 2002. The percentage of pumpable liquid remaining was 17.94% or less than 550 Kgallons.

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 1 of 6)
October 31, 2002

		Date Declared Confirmed or	Volume	Associated KiloCuries	Interim Stabilized	Leak	Estimate
Tank Number	_	Assumed Leaker (3)	Gallons (2)	137 Cs (9)	Date (11)	Updated	Referenc
241-A-103	_	1987	5500 (8)		06/88	1987	(j)
241-A-104		1975	500 to 2500	0.8 to 1.8 (q)	09/78	1983	(a)(q)
241-A-105	(1)	1963	10000 to	85 to 760 (b)	07/79	1991	(b)(c)
41-AX-102		1988	277000				
41-AX-104		1977	3000 (8)		09/88	1989	(h)
41-B-101	-	1974	(6) (6)		08/81	1989	(g)
41-B-103		1978	(6)		03/81 02/85	1989	(g)
41-B-105		1978	(6)		12/84	1989 1989	(g)
41-B-107		1980	8000 (8)		03/85	1986	(g) {d}(f)
41-B-110		1981	10000 (8)		03/85	1986	(d)
41-B-111		1978	(6)		06/85	1989	(g)
41-B-112		1978	2000		05/85	1989	(g)
41-B-201 41-B-203		1980	1200 (8)		08/81	1984	(e)(f)
41-8-204		1983	300 (8)		06/84	1986	(d)
41-BX-101		1984 1972	400 (8)		06/84	1989	(g)
41-BX-101		1972	(6) 70000	FC #	09/78	1989	(g)
41-BX-108		1974	70000 2500	50 (1)	11/78	1986	(d)
11-BX-110		1976	(6)	0.5 (I)	07/79	1986	(d)
11-BX-111		1984 (13)	(6)		08/85	1989	(g)
11-BY-103	*	1973	< 5000	т	03/95 11/97	1993	(g)
11-BY-105		1984	(6)		N/A	1983	(a)
1-BY-106		1984	(6)		N/A	1989 1989	(g)
11-BY-107		1984	15100 (8)		07/79	1989	(g)
1-BY-108		1972	<5000		02/85	1983	(g) (a)
11-C-101		1980	20000 (8)(10)	11/83	1986	(d)
1-C-110		1984	2000		05/95	1989	(g)
1-C-111	4.45	1968	5500 (8)		03/84	1989	(g)
1-C-201	(4)	1988	550		03/82	1987	(i)
11-C-202 11-C-203	(4)	1988	450		08/81	1987	(i)
1-C-204	(4)	1984	400 (8)		03/82	1986	(d)
1-S-104	(+)	1988 1968	350		09/82	1987	(i)
1-SX-104		1988	24000 (8)		12/84	1989	(g)
1-SX-107		1964	6000 (8)		04/00	1988	(k)
1-SX-108	(5)(14)	1962	< 5000 2400 to	17 110	10/79	1983	(a)
	,-,		35000	17 to 140	08/79	1991	(m)(q)(t)
1-SX-109	(5)(14)	1965	<10000	(m){q)(t) <40 (n){t)	OE/01	4000	
1-SX-110		1976	5500 (8)	<40 (II/ti)	05/81 08/79	1992 1989	(n) (t)
1-SX-111	(14)	1974	500 to 2000	0.6 to 2.4 (I)(q)(t)	07/79	1986	(g)
1-SX-112	(14)	1969	30000	40 (I)(t)	07/79	1986	(d)(q)(t)
1-\$X-113		1962	15000	8 (1)	11/78	1986	(d)(t) (d)
1-SX-114		1972	(6)		07/79	1989	(g)
1-SX-115 1-T-101	·	1965	50000	21 (o)	09/78	1992	(o)
1-T-103		1992	7500 (8)		04/93	1992	(q)
1-T-103		1974	< 1000 (8)		11/83	1989	(g)
1-T-100		1973 1984	115000 (8)	40 (1)	08/81	1986	(d)
1-T-108		1974	(6) 1000 (8)		05/96	1989	(g)
1-T-109		1974	<1000 (8) <1000 (8)		11/78	1980	(f)
1-T-111		1979, 1994 (12)	<1000 (8)		12/84	1989	(g)
1-TX-105		1977	(6)		02/95	1994	(f)(r)
I-TX-107	(5)	1984	2500		04/83	1989	(g)
I-TX-110		1977	(6)		10/79 04/83	1986	(d)
I-TX-113		1974	(6)		04/83	1989 1989	(g)
-TX-114		1974	(6)		04/83	1989	(g)
-TX-115		1977	(6)		09/83	1989	(g)
-TX-116		1977	(6)		04/83	1989	(g) (g)
-TX-117 -TY-101		1977			03/83	1989	(g)
-TY-101		1973	< 1000 (8)		04/83	1980	(f)
-TY-103		1973	3000	0.7 (1)	02/83	1986	(d)
-TY-104 -TY-105		1981 1960	1400 (8)		11/83	1986	(d)
-TY-106		1959	35000	4 (1)	02/83	1986	(d)
-0-101		1959	20000	2 (1)	11/78	1986	(d)
-U-104		1961	30000	20 (1)	09/79	1986	(d)
-U-110		1975	55000 5000 to 8100 (8)	0.09 (1)	10/78	1986	(d)
-U-112		1980	8500 (8)	0.05 (q)	12/84	1986	(d)(q)
A Character and a construction of the	occos servicios como	keeko koo ka	0000 (0)		09/79	1986	(d)

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES

Footnotes:

- Current estimates [see Reference (b)] are that 610 Kgallons of cooling water was added to tank A-105 from November 1970 to December 1978 to aid in evaporative cooling. In accordance with <u>Dangerous Waste Regulations</u> [Washington Administrative Code 173-303-070 (2)(a)(ii), as amended, Washington State Department of Ecology, 1990, Olympia, Washington], any of this cooling water that has been added and subsequently leaked from the tank must be classified as a waste and should be included in the total leak volume. In August 1991, the leak volume estimate for this tank was updated in accordance with the WAC regulations. Previous estimates excluded the cooling water leaks from the total leak volume estimates because the waste content (concentration) in the cooling water which leaked should be much less than the original liquid waste in the tank (the sludge is relatively insoluble). The total leak volume estimate in this report (10 to 277 Kgallons) is based on the following (see References):
 - 1. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 5 to 15 Kgallons for the initial leak prior to August 1968.
 - 2. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 5 to 30 Kgallons for the leak while the tank was being sluiced from August 1968 to November 1970.
 - 3. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 610 Kgallons of cooling water added to the tank from November 1970 to December 1978, but it was estimated that the leakage was small during this period. This reference contains the statement "Sufficient heat was generated in the tank to evaporate most, and perhaps nearly all, of this water." This results in a low estimate of zero gallons leakage from November 1970 to December 1978.
 - 4. Reference (c) contains an estimate the 378 to 410 Kgallons evaporated out of the tank from November 1970 to December 1978. Subtracting the minimum evaporation estimate from the cooling water added estimate provides a range from 0 to 232 Kgallons of cooling water leakage from November 1970 to December 1978.

	Low Estimate	High Estimate
Prior to August 1968	5,000	15,000
August 1968 to November 1970	5,000	30,000
November 1970 to December 1978	- <u>0</u>	<u>232,000</u>
Totals	10,000	277,000

- These leak volume estimates do not include (with some exceptions), such things as: (a) cooling/raw water leaks, (b) intrusions (rain infiltration) and subsequent leaks, (c) leaks inside the tank farm but not through the tank liner (surface leaks, pipeline leaks, leaks at the joint for the overflow or fill lines, etc.), and (d) leaks from catch tanks, diversion boxes, encasements, etc.
- (3) In many cases, a leak was suspected long before it was identified or confirmed. For example, Reference (d) shows that tank U-104 was suspected of leaking in 1956. The leak was confirmed in 1961. This report lists the "assumed leaker" date of 1961. Using present standards, tank U-104 would have been declared an assumed leaker in 1956. In 1984, the criteria designations of "suspected leaker," "questionable integrity," "confirmed leaker," "declared leaker," and "borderline and dormant" were merged into one category now reported as "assumed leaker." See Reference (f) for explanation of when, how long, and how fast some of the tanks leaked. It is highly likely that there have been undetected leaks from single-shell tanks because of the nature of their design and instrumentation.
- (4) The leak volume estimate date for these tanks is before the declared leaker date because the tank was in a suspected leaker or questionable integrity status; however, a leak volume had been estimated prior to the tank being reclassified.

- (5) The increasing radiation levels in drywells and laterals associated with these three tanks could be indicating continuing leak or movement of existing radionuclides in the soil. There is no conclusive way to confirm these observations. (Repeat spectral drywell scans are not part of the current Tank Farm leak detection program but can be run on request a special needs arise. A select subset of drywells is routinely monitored by the Vadose Zone Characterization Project to assess movement of gamma-emitting radionuclides in the subsurface. There are currently no functioning laterals and no plan to prepare them for use).
- (6) Methods were used to estimate the leak volumes from these 19 tanks based on the <u>assumption</u> that their cumulative leakage is approximately the same as for 18 of the 24 tanks identified in footnote (9). For more details see Reference (g). The total leak volume estimate for these tanks is 150 Kgallons (rounded to the nearest Kgallon), for an average of approximately 8 Kgallons for each of 19 tanks.
- (7) The total has been rounded to the nearest 50 Kgallons. Upper bound values were used in many cases in developing these estimates. It is likely that some of these tanks have not actually leaked.
- (8) Leak volume estimate is based solely on observed liquid level decreases in these tanks. This is considered to be the most accurate method for estimating leak volumes.
- (9) The curie content shown is as listed in the reference document and is <u>not</u> decayed to a consistent date: therefore, a cumulative total is inappropriate.
- (10) Tank C-101 experienced a liquid level decrease in the late 1960s and was taken out of service and pumped to a minimum heel in December 1969. In 1970, the tank was classified as a "questionable integrity" tank. Liquid level data show decreases in level throughout the 1970s and the tank was saltwell pumped during the 1970s, ending in April 1979. The tank was reclassified as a "confirmed leaker" in January 1980. See References (q) and (r); refer to Reference (s) for information on the potential for there to have been leaks from other C-farm tanks (specifically, C-102, C-103, and C-109).
- (11) These dates indicate when the tanks were declared to be interim stabilized. In some cases, the official interim stabilization documents were issued at a later date. Also, in some cases, the field work associated with interim stabilization was completed at an earlier date.
- (12) Tank T-111 was declared an "assumed re-leaker" on February 28, 1994, due to a decreasing trend in surface level measurement. This tank was pumped, and interim stabilization completed on February 22, 1995.
- (13) Tank BX-111 was declared an "assumed re-leaker" in April 1993. Preparations for pumping were delayed, following an administrative hold placed on all tank farm operations in August 1993. Pumping resumed and the tank was declared interim stabilized on March 15, 1995.
- The leak volume and curie release estimates on tanks SX-108, SX-109, SX-111, and SX-112 have been reevaluated using a Historical Leak Model [see Reference (t)]. In general, the model estimates are much
 higher than the values listed in the table, both for volume and curies released. The values listed in the table
 do not reflect this revised estimate because, "In particular, it is worth emphasizing that this report was
 never meant to be a definitive update for the leak baseline at the Hanford Site. It was rather meant to be an
 attempt to view the issue of leak inventories with a new and different methodology." (This quote is from
 the first page of the referenced report).
- In July 1998, the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) directed the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) to develop corrective action plans for eight single-shell tank farms (B/BX/BY/S/SX/T/TX/TY) where groundwater contamination likely originated from tank farm operations. A Tri-Party Agreement milestone (M-45 series) was developed that established a formalized approach for evaluating impacts on groundwater quality of loss of tank wastes to the vadose zone underlying these tank farms. Planning documents have been completed for the S, SX, B, BX, and BY tank farms and will be completed for the T, TX, and TY farms. The phase 1 field investigation is near completion in the S and SX

tank farms and has begun in the B, BX, and BY farms. Field work is anticipated in FY-02 for the T, TX, and TY tank farms. The remaining four single-shell tank farms are expected to be included in corrective action plans in the near future.

All of the information included in this appendix is currently under review and significant revisions are anticipated. Recently, major tank farm vadose zone investigative efforts (such as the baseline spectral gamma-ray logging of all drywells in all single-shell tank farms, as well as drilling and sampling in the SX tank farm) were completed. This appendix will be revised as a better understanding of past tank leak events is developed.

SST Vadose Zone Project drilling and testing activities near tank BX-102 were completed in March 2001. A borehole (299-E33-45) was drilled through the postulated uranium plume resulting from the 1951 tank BX-102 overfill event to confirm the presence of uranium, define its present depth, and survey other contaminants of interest such as Tc-99. Thirty-five split-spoon samples were collected for laboratory analyses. This borehole was decommissioned after collection and analysis of groundwater samples.

Borehole W33-46, adjacent to tank B-110, was drilled to a depth of approximately 190 feet in July 2001. Soil samples were collected for analysis as part of the tank farm vadose zone characterization activities. During decommissioning, this borehole was completed as a vadose zone monitoring structure. Work was accomplished in cooperation with scientists from Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory and Pacific Northwest National Laboratory. This borehole is now the first fully instrumented vadose zone hydrographic monitoring structure to be completed in a Hanford site tank farm.

On July 31, 2002, the Washington State Department of Ecology issued a letter-directive in response to RPP-10757 which suggested a path forward in dealing with the high ⁹⁹Tc activity in groundwater at well 299-W23-19 near tank SX-115. No formal remediation is required, however, extensive purging of the well is to be done concurrent with quarterly sampling. In addition, an array of specific conductivity probes is to be placed in the well to monitor the electrical properties of the water (⁹⁹Tc activity is directly proportional to nitrate concentration, and nitrate concentration is proportional to electrical conductivity). A data logger with remote reading capability will be installed together with the specific conductivity probes. Because large volumes of water are to be removed, and because the aquifer is incapable of supporting a high-rate pump, the capability of pumping this well from outside the tank farm fence (to allow non-tank farm trained personnel to operate the pumping system) will be installed in late FY-02 or early FY-03.

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TABLE B-6. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING FREQUENCY STATUS (149 tanks) October 31, 2002

Legend: E MT FIC L	
E	ENRAF Level Gauge
MT	Manual Tape
FIC	Food Instrument Corporation Level Gauge
L	Liquid Observation Well
D,W,Q,Req.	Daily, Weekly, Quarterly, Request
O/S	Out of Service

All data were collected in accordance with Technical Safety Requirement (TSR) and Operating Specification Specification Documents (OSD).

		1		ii Documents ((000):		
1			Liquid				
1	Surface	Surface	Observation				Da
							Dome
	Level	Level	Well	LOW	Thermocouple	Temperature	Elevation
Tank	Device (1)	Frequency	(LOW)	Frequency	Tree Risers (1)	Frequency	Frequency
A-101	E*						
A-101 A-102	E*	<u> </u>	L (O/S) (2)	W	12*	6 mo.	2 yr
A-102 A-103	E*	<u>a</u>	,	72.	7	6 mo.	2 уг
A-103	E*	 	L	W	15	6 mo.	2 yr
A-104 A-105	E*	<u> </u>			17	6 mo.	2 yr
A-106	E*	α			9,15,16,17,19.22	6 mo.	2 yr
AX-101	E*	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	W	14	6 mo.	2 yr
AX-101	E*	<u> </u>	L	W	9B*	6 mo.	1 yr
AX-102	E*	<u> </u>			9C*	6 mo.	1 yr
AX-103	E*	<u> </u>	L	W	98*	6 mo.	1 yr
B-101	E*	<u> </u>			9C	6 mo.	1 yr
B-107	E.	<u> </u>		··	9	6 mo.	2 yr
B-103	E*	- 3 -			4	6 mo.	2 yr
B-104	E*	ä		- \4/	4*	6 mo.	2 γr
B-105	E* (O/S) (4)	a	L .	W	5	6 mo.	2 yr
B-106	E*	D		VV	15 4	6 mo.	2 yr
B-107	E*	ā			3	6 mo.	2 yr
B-108		ā			5	6 ma.	2 yr
B-109	Ē*	ā			1	6 mo.	2 yr
B-110	E* (O/S) (4)	<u>ā</u>	L	-	8	6 mo.	2 yr
B-111	E*	ā	<u> </u>	- w -	8	6 mo.	2 yr
B-112	Ē*	D			0	6 mo.	2 yr
B-201	E*	D			1	6 mo.	2 γr
B-202	E*	D			- 1	6 mo.	
B-203	E*	<u> </u>				6 mo. 6 mo.	
B-204	E* .	D				6 mo.	
BX-101	E*	Б			2*	6 mo.	n
BX-102	E*	0			8*	6 mo.	2 yr 2 yr
BX-103	E*	D			1*	6 mo.	2 yr
BX-104	E*	D				N/A	2 yr
BX-105	E*	Ω			7*	6 mo.	2 yr
BX-106	E*	Q			1*,7*	6 mo.	2 yr
BX-107	E.	D			4*	6 mo.	2 yr
BX-108	E*	a			5*	6 mo.	2 yr
BX-109	E+	0			3*,5*	6 mo.	2 yr
BX-110	E*	a a	L	w	1*	6 mg.	2 yr
BX-111	E*	Q	L	W	1* (O/S) (7)	6 mg.	2 yr
BX-112	E*	D			1* (O/S) (7)	6 mg.	2 yr
BY-101	MT	a		- w	1*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-102	E*	Q	L L	W	 :	N/A	1 yr
BY-103	E*	Q	L T	W	1*,5*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-104	MT	Q	L	W	1*,10B*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-105	MT	<u> </u>	Ļ	W	1*,10C*	6 mo	1 yr
BY-106	MT	<u>a</u>	L	W	1*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-107	MT	Q.	L	W	1*,5*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-108	MT	a	L	W	3*,8*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-109	FIC	0	L	W		N/A	1 yr
BY-110 BY-111	E		L	W	1*,10A*	6 mo.	1 yr
BY-112	E MT	0	L	W	14*	6 mo.	1 yr
C-101	E*	<u> </u>		W	2*	6 mo.	1 yr
Ç-102	E*	0			2*	6 ma.	2 yr
C-102	E*	Q			7*	6 mo.	2 yr
C-104	E*	<u> </u>			1*	6 mo.	2 yr
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>u</u>]			7*	6 mo.	2 yr

			المائدينية (<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
	l <u>.</u>		Liquid		1		_
	Surface	Surface	Observation				Dome
	Level	Level	Well	LOW	Thermocouple	Temperature	Elevation
Tank	Device (1)	Frequency	(LOW)	Frequency	Tree Risers (1)	Frequency	Frequency
C-105	E*	Ω	(2000)	110940110)	1*	6 mo.	2 yr
C-106	E*	a			8*,14*	Weekly	2 yr
C-107	E*	D			5*	6 mo.	2 yr
C-108 C-109	E*	a a			1*,5*	6 mo.	2 yr
C-110	} E*	Ь			3*,8* 8*	6 mo. 6 mo.	2 yr 2 yr
C-111	MT	ā			5*,6*	6 ma.	2 yr
C-112	E*	a			1*,8*	6 mo.	2 yr
C-201	МТ	<u> </u>			6*	6 ma.	
C-202 C-203	E MT	a			6* 6*	6 mo.	
C-204	MT	a			0.	6 mo. N/A	
S-101	E*	Ď		w	14*	6 mo.	2 yr
S-102	E*	a	L	W	3*	6 mo.	2 yr
S-103	E*	D	L L	W	4*	6 mo.	2 γr
S-104 S-105	E*	0	L	W	4* 4*	6 mo.	2 yr
S-106	E*	٥	L		2*	6 mo. 6 mo.	2 yr 2 yr
S-107	Ē*	Б	Ļ	W	4*	6 mo.	2 yr
S-108	E*	a	L	W	4*	6 mo.	2 yr
S-109	E*	٥	L	W	4*	6 mo.	2 yr
S-110 S-111	[E*	Q D	L	W	4*	6 mo. 6 mo.	2 yr
S-112	E*	ā			4*	6 mo.	2 yr 2 yr
SX-101	E*	Q	l.	W	15*	6 mo.	1 yr
SX-102	E*	a	L (O/S) (5)	W	16*	6 mo.	1 yr
SX-103 SX-104	E*	a	L	W	2*	Weekly	1 yr
SX-104	E*	ď	L	W	2* 2*	6 mo. 6 mo.	1 yr
SX-106	Ē* :	ä		- w	16*	6 mo.	1 yr 1 yr
SX-107	E*	a	*		10*,14* (O/S) (8)	Weekly	1 yr
SX-108	E*	Q.			10*,19* (O/S) (8)	Weekly	1 yr
SX-109 SX-110	E*	a a			10*,19*	Weekly	1 γr
SX-111	E*	<u>u</u>			12*,20* 10*,19*	Weekly Weekly	1 yr
SX-112	E*	ă			10*,19*	Weekly	1 yr 1 yr
SX-113	E*	a			3*	6 mo.	1 yr
SX-114 SX-115	E*	0			10*,19* (9)	Weekly	1 yr
T-101	E E* (4)	<u> </u>			- 8*	N/A	1 yr
T-102	E* (4)	<u> </u>			8*	6 mo. N/A	2 yr 2 yr
T-103	E* (4)	Q			8*	6 mg.	2 yr
T-104	E* (4)	Q	"L	W	4*	6 mo.	2 yr
T-105	E* (4)	Ω				N/A	2 yr
T-106 T-107	E* (4)	D D			8* /* = *	6 mo.	2 yr
T-108	E* (4)	6	·········		4*,5* 4*	6 mo. 6 mo.	2 yr 2 yr
T-109	E* (4)	O.			8*	6 mo.	2 yr
T-110	E* (4)	Q	L	W	8*	6 mo.	2 yr
T-111	E* (4) E* (4)	<u> </u>	Ľ	W	5*	6 mo.	2 yr
T-201	E* (4)	<u>D</u>			8* 5*	6 mo.	2 yr
T-202	E* (4)	Ď			5*	6 ma. 6 ma.	
T-203	E* (4)	Q			8*	6 mo.	
T-204 TX-101	E* (4)	D			8*	6 mo.	
TX-101	E*	D Q			4.4	N/A	1 yr
TX-102	E*	- a	L	۷۷	4*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-104	E*	<u>a</u>			4*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-105	E*	Q.	L (failed)	W	4*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-106 TX-107	E*	<u> </u>	L	W	4*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-107 TX-108	E*	<u> </u>	L	Request (3)	4*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-109	E*	a -	L L	W Request (3)	8*	6 ma. 6 ma.	1 yr 1 yr
TX-110	E*	Q	<u> </u>	W	<u>_</u>	N/A	1 yr
TX-111 TX-112	E*	<u> </u>	L	W	8*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-112	E*	<u>a</u>	L L	W	8* 8*	6 mo.	1 yr
TX-114	E*	<u> </u>	L L	- w	8	6 ma. N/A	1 yr
TX-115	E*	ā	<u> </u>	w	3*	6 mo.	1 yr
							

	Surface	Surface	Liquid Observation		····		5
							Dome
	Level	Level	Well	LOW	Thermocouple	Temperature	Elevation
Tank	Device (1)	Frequency	(LOW)	Frequency	Tree Risers (1)	Frequency	Frequency
TX-116	LOW	Q	L (O/S) (6)	W	(1)	N/A	1 yr
TX-117	E*	Q	L	W		N/A	1 yr
TX-118	E*	Q	T L	W	1*.3*	6 mo.	1 yr
TY-101	E*	a			3*,4*	6 mo.	2 yr
TY-102	E*	D			4*	6 mo.	2 yr
TY-103	E*	a	Ĺ,	W	4*.7*	6 mo.	2 yr
TY-104	E*	D			3*,4*	6 mo.	2 yr
TY-105	E*	ā	L	W	3*	6 mo.	2 yr
TY-106	E*	ā			2*	6 mo.	2 yr
U-101	MT	D			2*	6 mo.	2 yr
U-102	E	α .	L	W	1 *	6 mo.	2 yr
U-103	E*	α .	L	W	1 5	6 mo.	2 yr
U-104	MT	<u>a</u>				N/A	2 yr
U-105	E*	a ·	Ľ	W	1*	6 mo.	2 yr
U-106	E*	Q.	L L	- W	1*	6 mo.	2 yr
U-107	E*		L	W	1 *	6 mo.	2 yr
U-108	E*	<u> </u>	L	W	1 *	6 mo.	2 yr
U-109	E*	Q.	L	W	1 *	6 mg.	2 yr
U-110	E	σ	L	W	1 *	6 mo.	2 yr
U-111	E	Q	L	W	5*	6 mg.	2 yr
U-112	MT	<u> </u>			5*	6 mo.	2 yr
U-201	MT	D			4*	6 mo.	- 11
U-202	MT	D			4*	6 mo.	
U-203	E	Ω			4*	6 mo.	
U-204	E	D			4*	6 mo.	

Footnotes:

- Any ENRAF (E) or thermocouple tree riser that is followed by an asterisk (*) is connected to TMACS
 for continuous remote monitoring. If there is no asterisk, only manual readings are obtained. Any
 equipment connected to TMACS collects data multiple times per day, regardless of required
 frequency.
- A-101 LOW riser was damaged during saltwell pumping in February 2002. The LOW has failed and dip tube readings are being taken on saltwell pumping (SWP) data sheets. The LOW is not required for leak detection during SWP activity per OSD-T-151-00031; when the SWP activity is complete, the LOW will be required to be functional.
- 3. TX-108 LOW is only monitored on request. Last reading was July 1994.
- 4. B-105 ENRAF electronic data are inconistent. The ENRAF was damaged during installation of the LOW and is in "fail mode."
- SX-102 LOW is O/S as of 7/17/02. A sharp increase in radiation levels was detected inside the LOW; Problem Evaluation Request (PER) 2002-3914 was issued. Per OSD-T-151-00031, weekly scans need not be taken while the tank is being pumped. The automatic ENRAF provides daily readings.
- 6. TX-116 LOW was breached in August 2002. The ENRAF failed during the LOW installation in March 2002. The ENRAF was removed when the LOW was breached and has not been replaced. The new LOW is expected to be installed in time for the 4th quarter reading for OSD-T-151-00031 compliance. The LOW is now the primary leak detection device. The last LOW reading was taken in August 2002.
 - The ENRAF drum and displacer were replaced in October 2002. The ENRAF is connected to TMACS but not yet recording.
- 7. BX-111 and BX-112 temperature electronic recording units have failed; they need to be replaced.
- 8. SX-107 temperatures are inconsistent in TMACS since September 23, 2002. SX-108 temperatures are inconsistent since March 7, 2002; the semiannual reading was last taken July 2, 2002. Manual readings are taken weekly in both tanks.
- SX-114 temperatures as measured by all thermocouples are increasing (14 TCs on two trees).
 PER 2002-5426 was issued. Temperatures are well below TSR and OSD limits.

APPENDIX C

MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

TABLE C-1. EAST AND WEST AREA MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

ACTIVE - still running transfers through the associated diversion boxes or pipeline encasements
October 31, 2002

			WASTE		
<u>FACILITY</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	PURPOSE (receives waste from:)	(Gallons)	MONITORED BY	<u>REMARKS</u>
EAST AREA	_				
241-A-302-A	A Farm	A-151 DB	656	SACS/ENRAF/TMACS	Pumped to AW-105 7/00
241-ER-311	B Plant	ER-151, ER-152 DB	2632	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Pumped to AP-108, 7/01
241-AZ-151	AZ Farm	AZ-702 condensate	7810	SACS/ENRAF/TMACS	Volume changes daily - pumped to AZ-101 or
044 47 454					AZ-102 as needed.
241-AZ-154	AZ Farm		25	SACS/MT	
244-BX-TK/SMP	BX	DCRT - Receives from several farms	11657	SACS/MT	Using Manual Tape for tank/sump. Pumped to
244-A-TK/SMP	Complex				AP-102 in 10/02.
244-A-1K/SMP	A Complex	DCRT - Receives from several farms	7919	MCS/SACS/WTF	WTF - Data validity uncertain since 4/02 (not
A-350	A Farm	6.0			primary leak detection method)
AR-204	AY Farm	Collects drainage	356	MCS/SACS/WTF	WTF (uncorrected) pumped as needed
A-417	A Farm	Tanker trucks from various facilities	525	DIP TUBE	Alarms on SACS-pumped to AP-108, 7/00
CR-003-TK/SUMP	C Farm	DCRT	14108	SACS/WTF(Zipcord)	WTF O/S 6/01; readings taken by zip cord
	Crami	DCKI	3007	MT/ZIP CORD	Zip cord in sump O/S; water intrusion, 1/98
WEST AREA	_				
241-TX-302-C	TX Farm	TX-154 DB	170	SACS/ENRAF	Now on TMACS.
241-U-301-B	U Farm	U-151, U-152, U-153, U-252 DB	7938	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Returned to service 12/30/93
241-UX-302-A	U Plant	UX-154 DB	3000	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Recalibrated 7/15/02 after 6/01/02 repair.
241-S-304	S Farm	S-151 DB	130	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Replaced S-302-A in 10/91; ENRAF installed 7/98.
244-S-TK/SMP	6.5	.			Sump not alarming.
244-3-1 N/SIVIP	S Farm	From Single-Shell Tanks for transfer	43303	SACS/Manually	WTF (uncorrected). Used 999 gal to flush 9/2/02.
244-TX-TK/SMP	TX Farm	to \$Y-102			WTF increased to 141.0
ZTT-I X-I K/SIVIE	I A Farm	From Single-Shell Tanks and	15085	SACS/Manually	MT - pumped 6/02 to SY-102.
		Plutonium Finishing Plant for for transfer to SY-102			
Vent Station Catch	Tank	Cross Site Transfer Line	000		
- and a total off Catch	i ui ix	Closs Site Hallster Line	396	SACS/Manually	MT

Total	Active	Facilities	17
		i domeroo	

LEGEND:	DB -	Diversion Box
	DCRT -	Double-Contained Receiver Tank
	TK, SMP -	Tank, Sump
1	ENRAF -	Surface Level Measurement Devices
	MT -	Manual Tape - Surface Level Measurement Device
	Zip Cord -	Surface Level Measurement Device
	WTF-	Weight Factor - can be recorded as WTF, CWF (corrected) and WTF (uncorrected)
	SACS -	Surveillance Automated Control System
	MCS -	Monitor and Control System
	Manually -	Not connected to any automated system
L	O/S -	Out of Service

TABLE C-2. EAST AREA INACTIVE MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES (CURRENTLY MANAGED BY TANK FARM CONTRACTOR)

INACTIVE - no longer receiving waste transfers October 31, 2002

D.1.033			WASTE	MONITO.	RED
<u>FACILITY</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	RECEIVED WASTE FROM: (or descrip.)	(Gallons)	\underline{BY}	<u>REMARKS</u>
209-E-TK-111	209 E Bldg	Decon Catch Tank	Unknowr	n NM	Removed from service 1988
241-A-302-B	A Farm	A-152 DB	5876		
241 AV 454					Interim Stabilized 1990, Rain intrusion
241-AX-151	N of PUREX	PUREX	Unknowr	n NM	Isolated 1985
241-AX-152	AX Farm	AX-152 DB	0	SACS/MT	Declared Assumed Leaker; pumped to
241-B-301-B	5 -				AY-102 3/1/01, no longer being used
241-B-301-B 241-B-302-B	B Farm	B-151, B-152, B-153, B-252 DB	22250	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-A	B Farm	B-154 DB	4930	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-A 241-BX-302-B	BX Farm	BR-152, BX-153, BXR-152, BYR-152 DB	840	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-B 241-BX-302-C	BX Farm	BX-154 DB	1040	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BY-ITS2-Tk 1	BX Farm	BX-155 DB	870	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BY-ITS2-Tk 2	BY Farm	Vapor condenser	Unknown	n NM	Isolated
241-C-301-C	BY Farm	Heater Flush Tank	Unknown	n NM	Stabilized 1977
241-ER-311A	C Farm	C-151, C-152, C-153, C-252 DB	10470	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-En-311A 244-AR Vault	SW B Plant	ER-151 DB	Empty	/ NM	Abandoned in place 1954
244-An Vauit	A Complex	Between farms & B-Plant	Unknown	n NM	Not actively being used, systems activated
244-BXR-TK/SMP-001	D.V. 5				for final clean out.
244-BXR-TK/SMP-001	BX Farm	Transfer lines	7200	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-003	BX Farm	Transfer lines	2180	MM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-003	BX Farm	Transfer lines	1810	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-DAN-1K/SIVIP-U11	BX Farm	Transfer lines	7100	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
Total Eas	t Area Inactive	Facilities 18	LEGEND:	DB -	Diversion Box
				MT -	Manual Tape
				SACS -	Surveillance Automated Control System
			Ī	TK, SMP -	Tank, Sump
				NM -	Not Monitored

⁽¹⁾ SOURCE: WHC-SD-WM-TI-356, "Waste Storage Tank Status & Leak Detection Criteria," Rev. 0, September 30, 1988

TABLE C-3. WEST AREA INACTIVE MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES (CURRENTLY MANAGED BY TANK FARM CONTRACTOR)

INACTIVE - no longer receiving waste transfers October 31, 2002

<u>FACILITY</u> 213-W-TK-1	LOCATION E of 213-W	RECEIVED WASTE FROM: (or descrip) Water Retention Tank	<i>WASTE</i> (<u>Gallons)</u> Unknowr	MONITORE <u>BY</u> n nm	<u>REMARKS</u> Contains only water
231-W-151-001	Compactor Facility N. of Z Plant	231-Z Floor drains	Haliasiis	A16.4	
231-W-151-002	N. of Z Plant	231-Z Floor drains	Unknowr Unknowr		Inactive, last data 1974
241-S-302	S Farm	240-S-151 DB	8265		Inactive, last data 1974
241-S-302-A	S Farm	241-S-151 DB	0200	SACS/ENRAF	
		, determined still to be an assumed leaker after lea		ial EIC roodings a	Assumed Leaker TF-EFS-90-042
CASS mor	nitorina system retir	ed 2/23/99; intrusion readings discontinued. S-30	M replaced C	iai ric readings ai	re unobtainable due to dry grouted surface.
241-S-302-B	S Farm	S Encasements	Empty		Isolated 1985 (1)
241-SX-302 (SX-304)	SX Farm	SX-151 DB, 151 TB	Unknown		Isolated 1985 (1)
241-T-301	T Farm	DB T-151, -151, -153, -252	Unknown		Isolated 1987 Isolated 1985 (241-T-301B)
241-TX-302	TX Farm	TX-153 DB	Unknown		Isolated 1985 (241-1-301B)
241-TX-302-X-B	TX Farm	TX Encasements	Unknown		Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TX-302-B	TX Farm	TX-155 DB	1600	SACS/ENRAF	·
241-TX-302-B(R)	E. of TX Farm	TX-155 DB	Unknown	· ·	Isolated
241-TY-302-A	TY Farm	TX-153 DB	Unknown		Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TY-302-B	TY Farm	TY Encasements	Empty		Isolated 1985 (1)
241-Z-8	E. of Z Plant	Recuplex waste	Unknown		Isolated 1905 (1)
242-T-135	T Evaporator	T Evaporator	Unknown		Isolated
242-TA-R1	T Evaporator	Z Plant waste	Unknown		Isolated
243-S-TK-1	N. of S Farm	Personnel Decon, Facility	Empty		Isolated
244-TXR-TK/SMP-001	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown		Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-002	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown		Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-003	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown		Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-UR-001 Vault TK	U-Farm	Tank, Sump and Cell	4220	NM	Stabilized 1985
244-UR-002 Vault TK	U-Farm	Tank, Sump and Cell	1400	NM	Stabilized 1985
244-UR-003 Vault Tk	U-Farm	Tank, Sump and Cell	5996	NM	Stabilized 1985
244-UR-004 Vault Tk	U-Farm	Tank, Sump and Cell	Empty	NM	Stabilized 1985
Г т	otal West Area	Inactive Facilities 25	LEGEND:	DB, TB -	Discovering D. T. (190
<u> </u>		20	CEGEND.	· ·	Diversion Box, Transfer Box
				CASS -	Computer Automated Surveillance System
				FIC, ENRAF -	Surface Level Measurement Devices
					Manual Tape - Surface Level Measurement Device
			1		Tank, Sump
					Surveillance Automated Control System
					Replacement
				<u>NM</u>	Not Monitored

APPENDIX D GLOSSARY OF TERMS

TABLE D-1. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

1. **DEFINITIONS**

WASTE TANKS - General

Waste Tank Safety Issue

A potentially unsafe condition in the handling of waste material in underground storage tanks that requires corrective action to reduce or eliminate the unsafe condition. There are currently no waste tank safety issues.

Characterization

Characterization is understanding the Hanford tank waste chemical, physical, and radiological properties to the extent necessary to ensure safe storage and interim operation, and ultimate disposition of the waste.

WASTE TYPES

Aging Waste (AW)

High level, first cycle solvent extraction waste from the PUREX plant (NCAW).

Concentrated Complexant (CC)

Concentrated product from the evaporation of dilute complexed waste.

Concentrated Phosphate Waste (CP)

Waste originating from the decontamination of the N Reactor in the 100 N Area. Concentration of this waste produces concentrated phosphate waste.

Dilute Complexed Waste (DC)

Characterized by a high content of organic carbon including organic complexants: ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA), citric acid, and hydroxyethyl-ethylenediaminetriacetic acid (HEDTA), were the major complexants used. Main sources of DC waste in the DST system are saltwell liquid inventory (from SSTs).

Dilute Non-Complexed Waste (DN)

Low activity liquid waste originating from S and T Plants, the 300 and 400 Areas, PUREX facility (decladding supernatant and miscellaneous wastes), 100 N Area (sulfate waste), B Plant, saltwells, and PFP (supernatant).

Drainable Interstitial Liquid (DIL)

Interstitial liquid that is not held in place by capillary forces and will, therefore, migrate or move by gravity.

Double-Shell Slurry (DSS)

Waste that exceeds the sodium aluminate saturation boundary in the evaporator without exceeding receiver tank composition limits. For reporting purposes, DSS is considered a solid.

Double-Shell Slurry Feed (DSSF)

Waste concentrated just before reaching the sodium aluminate saturation boundary in the evaporator without exceeding receiver tank composition limits. This form is not as concentrated as DSS.

Evaporator Feed Tank (EVFD)

Dilute waste staged for evaporation; waste type will vary (usually DN or DC).

Slurry Receiver Tank (SRCVR)

Concentrated waste produced by evaporation; waste type will vary (usually DSSF or CC).

Supernatant Liquid

The liquid above the solids or in large liquid pools covered by floating solids in waste storage tanks.

INTERIM STABILIZATION (Single-Shell Tanks only)

Interim Stabilized (IS)

A tank which contains less than 50 Kgallons of drainable interstitial liquid and less than 5 Kgallons of supernatant. If the tank was jet pumped to achieve interim stabilization, then the jet pump flow or saltwell screen inflow must also have been at or below 0.05 gpm before interim stabilization criteria are met.

Jet Pump

The jet pump system includes 1) a jet assembly with foot valve mounted to the base of two pipes that extend from the top of the well casing to near the bottom of the well casing inside the saltwell screen,
2) a centrifugal pump to supply power fluid to the down-hole jet assembly, 3) flexible or rigid transfer jumpers, 4) a flush line, and 5) a flowmeter. The jumpers contain piping, valves, and pressure and limit switches.

The centrifugal pump and jet assembly are needed to pump the interstitial liquid from the saltwell screen into the pump pit, nominally a 40-foot elevation rise. The power fluid passes through a nozzle in the jet assembly and acts to convert fluid pressure head to velocity head, thereby reducing the pressure in the jet assembly chamber. The reduction in pressure allows the interstitial liquid to enter the jet assembly chamber and mix with the power fluid. Velocity head is converted to pressure head above the nozzle, lifting power fluid, and interstitial liquid to the pump pit. Pumping rates vary from 0.05 to about 4 gpm.

Saltwell Screen

The saltwell system is a 10-inch diameter saltwell casing consisting of a stainless steel saltwell screen welded to a Schedule 40 carbon steel pipe. The casing and screen are to be inserted into the 12-inch tank riser located in the pump pit. The stainless steel screen portion of the system will extend through the tank waste to near the bottom of the tank. The saltwell screen portion of the casing is an approximately 10-foot length of 300 Series, 10-inch diameter, stainless steel pipe with screen openings (slots) of 0.05 inches.

Emergency Pumping Trailer

A 45-foot tractor-type trailer is equipped to provide storage space and service facilities for emergency pumping equipment: this consists of two dedicated jet pump jumpers and two jet pumps, piping and dip tubes for each, two submersible pumps and attached piping, and a skid-mounted Weight Factor Instrument Enclosure with an air compressor and electronic recording instruments. The skid also contains a power control station for the pumps, pump pit leak detection, and instrumentation. A rack for over 100 feet of overground double-contained piping is also in the trailer.

INTRUSION PREVENTION (ISOLATION) (Single-Shell Tanks only)

Partially Interim Isolated (PI)

The administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required for Interim Isolation except for isolation of risers and piping that is required for jet pumping or for other methods of stabilization.

Interim Isolated (II)

The administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required to minimize the addition of liquids into an inactive storage tank, process vault, sump, catch tank, or diversion box. In June 1993 the term "Interim Isolation" was replaced by "Intrusion Prevention."

Intrusion Prevention (IP)

Intrusion Prevention is the administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required to minimize the addition of liquids into an inactive storage tank, process vault, sump, catch tank, or diversion box. Under no circumstances are electrical or instrumentation devices disconnected or disabled during the intrusion prevention process (with the exception of the electrical pump).

Retrieval (R)

The process of removing, to the maximum extent practical, all the waste from a given underground storage tank. The retrieval process is selected specific to each tank and accounts for the waste type stored and the access and support systems available. Generally, retrieval is focused on removal of solids from the tank.

TANK INTEGRITY

Sound

The integrity classification of a waste storage tank for which surveillance data indicate no loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

Assumed Leaker

The integrity classification of a waste storage tank for which surveillance data indicate a loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

Assumed Re-Leaker

A condition that exists after a tank has been declared as an "assumed leaker" and then the surveillance data indicate a <u>new</u> loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

TANK INVESTIGATION

Intrusion

A term used to describe the infiltration of liquid into a waste tank.

SURVEILLANCE INSTRUMENTATION

Drywells

Historically, the drywells were monitored with gross logging tools as part of a secondary leak monitoring system. In some cases, neutron-moisture sensors were used to monitor moisture in the soil as a function of well depth, which could be indicative of tank leakage. The routine gross gamma logging data were stored electronically from 1974 through 1994. The routine gross gamma logging program ended in 1994. A program was initiated in 1995 to log each of the available drywells in each tank farm with a spectral gamma logging system. The spectral gamma logging system provides quantitative values for gamma-emitting radionuclides. The baseline spectral gamma logging database is available electronically.

Repeat spectral drywell scans are not part of the established Tank Farm leak detection program, but they can be run on request if special needs arise. A select subset of drywells is routinely monitored by the Vadose Zone Characterization Project to assess movement of gamma-emitting radionuclides in the subsurface.

Laterals

Laterals are horizontal drywells positioned under single-shell waste storage tanks to detect radionuclides in the soil which could be indicative of tank leakage. These drywells can be monitored by radiation detection probes. Laterals are 4-inch inside diameter steel pipes located 8 to 10 feet below the tank's concrete base. There are three laterals per tank. Laterals are located only in A and SX farms. There are currently no functioning laterals and no plan to prepare them for use.

Surface Levels

The surface level measurements in all waste storage tanks are monitored by manual or automatic conductivity probes, and recorded and transmitted or entered into the Surveillance Analysis Computer System.

Automatic FIC

An automatic waste surface level measurement device is manufactured by the Food Instrument Corporation (FIC). The instrument consists of a conductivity electrode (plummet) connected to a calibrated steel tape, a

steel tape reel housing and a controller that automatically raises and lowers the plummet to obtain a waste surface level reading. The controller can provide a digital display of the data and until February 1999, the majority of the FICs transmitted readings to the Computer Automated Computer Surveillance System (CASS). Since CASS retirement, all FIC gauges are read manually. FICs are being replaced by ENRAF detectors (see below).

ENRAF 854 ATG Level Detector

FICs and some manual tapes are in the process of being replaced by the ENRAF ATG 854 level detector. The ENRAF gauge, fabricated by ENRAF Incorporated, determines waste level by detecting variations in the weight of a displacer suspended in the tank waste. The displacer is connected to a wire wound onto a precision measuring drum. A change in the waste level causes a change in the weight of the displacer which will be detected by the force transducer. Electronics within the gauge causes the servo motor to adjust the position of the displacer and compute the tank level based on the new position of the displacer drum. The gauge displays the level in decimal inches. The first few ENRAFs that received remote reading capability transmit liquid level data via analog output to the TMACS. The remaining ENRAFs and future installations will transmit digital level data to TMACS via an ENRAF Computer Interface Unit (CIU). The CIU allows fully remote communication with the gauge, minimizing tank farm entry.

Annulus

The annulus is the space between the inner and outer shells on <u>DSTs</u> only. Drain channels in the insulating and/or supporting concrete carry any leakage to the annulus space where conductivity probes are installed. The annulus conductivity probes and radiation detectors are the primary means of leak detection for all DSTs.

Liquid Observation Well (LOW)

In-tank liquid observation wells are used for monitoring the ILL in single-shell tanks. The wells are usually constructed of fiberglass or TEFZEL-reinforced epoxy-polyester resin (TEFZEL is a trademark of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Company). There are a few LOWs constructed of steel. LOWs are sized to extend to within 1 inch of the bottom of the waste tank, are sealed at their bottom ends, and have a nominal outside diameter of 3.5 inches. Gamma and neutron probes are used to monitor changes in the ILL, and can indicate intrusions or leakage by increases or decreases in the ILL. There are 70 LOWs installed in SSTs that contain or are capable of containing greater than 50 Kgallons of drainable interstitial liquid. All of the LOWs are monitored weekly with the exception of TX-108 which is monitored by request only. Two LOWs installed in DSTs SY-102 and AW-103 are used for special, rather than routine, surveillance purposes only.

Thermocouple (TC)

A thermocouple is a thermoelectric device used to measure temperature. More than one thermocouple element on a device (probe) is called a thermocouple tree. In DSTs there may be one or more thermocouple trees in risers in the primary tank. In addition, in DSTs only, there are TC elements installed in the insulating concrete, the lower primary tank knuckle, the secondary tank concrete foundation, and in the outer structural concrete.

These monitor temperature gradients within the concrete walls, bottom of the tank, and the domes. In SSTs, one or more thermocouples may be installed directly in a tank, although some SSTs do not have any trees installed. A single TC element may be installed in a riser or lowered down an existing riser or LOW. There are also four thermocouple laterals beneath tank 105-A in which temperature readings are taken in 34 TC elements.

In-tank Photographs and Videos

In-tank photographs and videos may be taken to aid in resolving in-tank measurement anomalies and determine tank integrity. Photographs and videos help determine sludge and liquid levels by visual examination.

ACRONYMS - Waste Type acronyms begin on Page D-2

<u>BBI</u>

Best Basis Inventory

CCS

Controlled, Clean, and Stable (tank farms)

CH2M HILL CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

DCRT

Double-Contained Receiver Tank

DST

Double-Shell Tank

FSAR

Final Safety Analysis Report effective October 18, 1999

Gal

Gallon

GPM

Gallons Per Minute

<u>II</u>

Interim Isolated

Kgal

Kilogallons

IP

Intrusion Prevention Completed

IS

Interim Stabilized

MT/FIC/

Manual Tape, Food Instrument Corporation, ENRAF Corporation (surface level measurement

ENRAF

devices)

<u>OSD</u>

Operating Specifications Document

PΙ

Partial Interim Isolated

PFP

Plutonium Finishing Plant

<u>SAR</u>

Safety Analysis Report

SHMS

Standard Hydrogen Monitoring System

<u>SST</u>

Single-Shell Tank

SWL

Salt Well Liquid

TMACS

Tank Monitor and Control System

<u>TPA</u>

Hanford Federal Facility Consent and Compliance Order, "Washington State Department of

Ecology, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and U.S. Department of Energy," as amended

(Tri-Party Agreement)

TSR

Technical Safety Requirement

<u>USQ</u>

Unreviewed Safety Question

Additional definitions (used in the SST Inventory columns) follow: (IL, DIL, DLR, PLR, etc.)

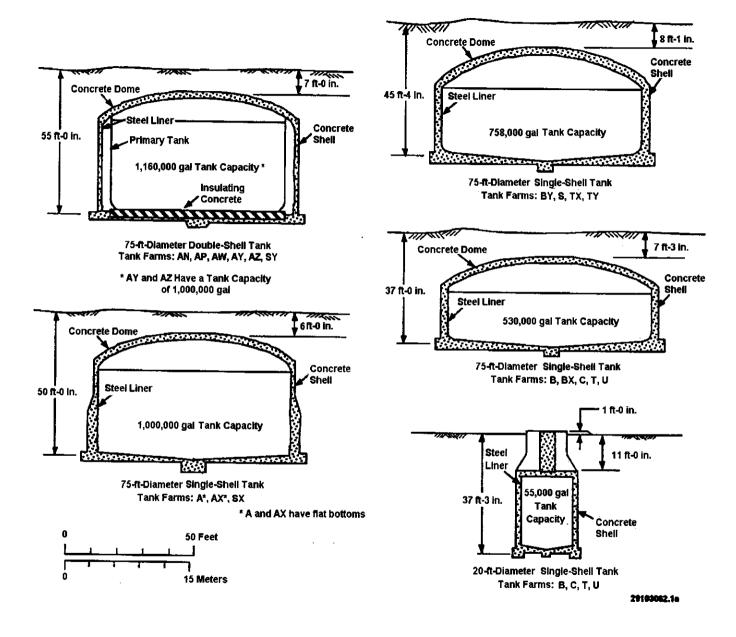
2. <u>INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – COLUMN VOLUME CALCULATIONS AND DEFINITIONS FOR TABLE B-1 (Single-Shell Tanks only)</u>

COLUMN HEADING	COLUMN VOLUME CALCULATIONS (Underlined)/DEFINITIONS
Total Waste	Solids volume plus Supernatant Liquid. Solids include sludge and saltcake (see definitions below).
Supernatant Liquid (1)	May be either measured or estimated. Supernatant is either the estimated or measured liquid floating on the surface of the waste or under a floating solids crust. In-tank photographs or videos are useful in estimating the liquid volumes; liquid floating on solids and core sample data are useful in estimating large liquid pools under a floating crust.
Drainable Interstitial Liquid (DIL) (1)	This is initially calculated. Drainable interstitial liquid is calculated based on the saltcake and sludge volumes, using calculated porosity values from past pumping or actual data for each tank. Interstitial liquid is liquid that fills the interstitial spaces of the solids waste. The sum of the interstitial liquid contained in saltcake and sludge minus an adjustment for capillary height is the initial volume of drainable interstitial liquid.
Pumped This Month	Net total gallons of liquid pumped from the tank during the month. If supernatant is present, pump production is first subtracted from the supernatant volume. The remainder is then subtracted from the drainable interstitial liquid volume.
Total Pumped (1)	Cumulative net total gallons of liquid pumped from 1979 to date.
Drainable Liquid Remaining (DLR) (1)	Supernatant plus Drainable Interstitial Liquid. The total Drainable Liquid Remaining is the sum of drainable interstitial liquid and supernatant.
Pumpable Liquid Remaining (PLR) (1)	<u>Drainable Liquid Remaining minus unpumpable volume</u> . Not all drainable interstitial liquid is pumpable.
Sludge	Solids formed during sodium hydroxide additions to waste. Sludge was usually in the form of suspended solids when the waste was originally received in the tank from the waste generator. In-tank photographs or videos may be used to estimate the volume.
Saltcake	Results from crystallization and precipitation after concentration of liquid waste, usually in an evaporator. If saltcake is layered over sludge, it is only possible to measure total solids volume. In-tank photographs or videos may be used to estimate the saltcake volume.
Solids Volume Update	Indicates the latest update of any change in the solids volume.
Solids Update Source - See Footnote	Indicates the source or basis of the latest solids volume update.
Last In-Tank Photo	Date of last in-tank photographs taken.
Last In-Tank Video	Date of last in-tank video taken.
See Footnotes for These Changes	Indicates any change made the previous month. A footnote explanation for the change follows the Inventory and Status by Tank Appendix (Table B-1).

(1)	Volumes for supernatant, DIL, DLR, and PLR are not shown in these columns until
interim	stabilization is completed. Total gallons pumped, total waste, sludge, and saltcake
volume	es are shown and adjusted based on actual pumping volumes.

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APPENDIX E TANK CONFIGURATION AND FACILITIES CHARTS



E-2

Figure E-1. High-Level Waste Tank Configurations

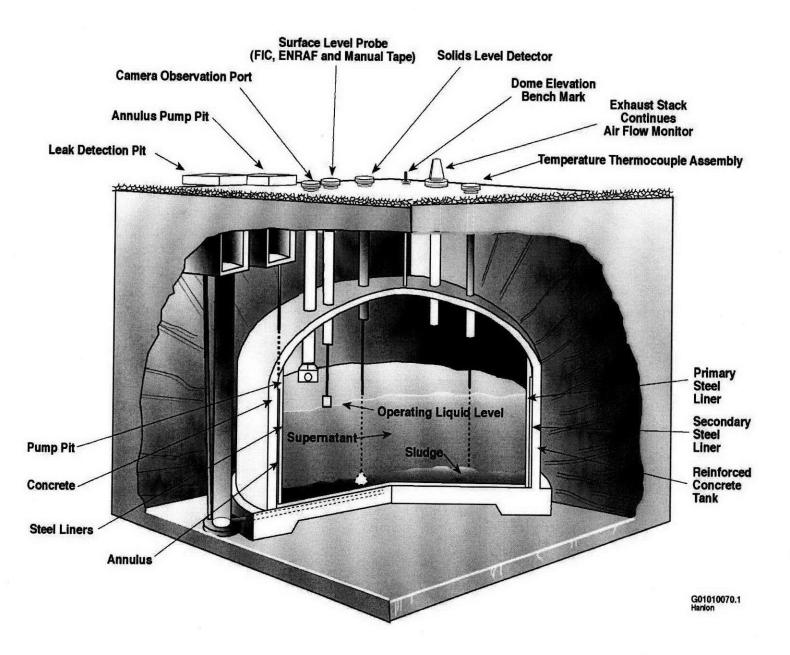


Figure E-2. Double-Shell Tank Instrumentation Configuration

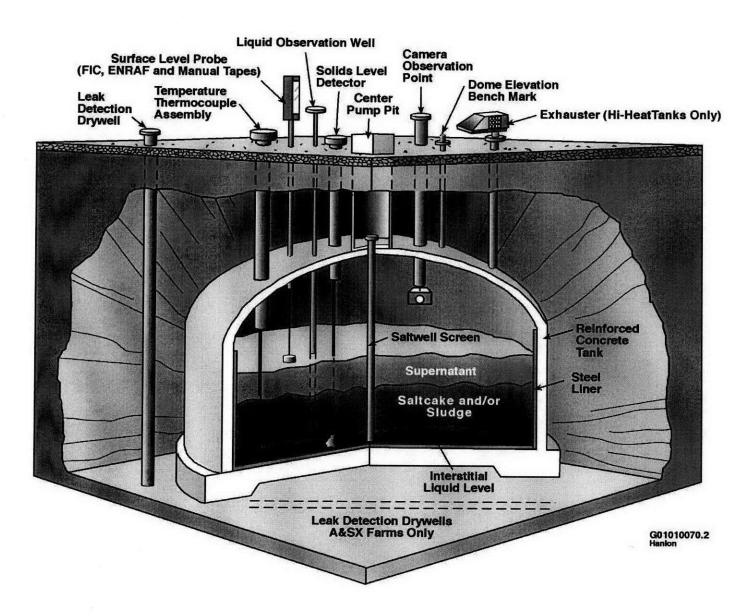


Figure E-3. Single-Shell Tank Instrumentation Configuration

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J. C. Fulton	R2-50
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